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BEAVER ARGUS.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square—each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year. Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

POETICAL.

BEAUTIFUL LINES

The following beautiful lines were written by Tyrone Power, the famous Irish comedian, who perished on the steamer President.—They were inscribed on the walls of the "Old Blandford Church," near Petersburg, Va.]

Thou art crumbling to the dust, old pile!
Thou art hastening to thy fall;
And around thee, in thy loneliness,
Clings the ivy to the wall.
The worshippers are scattered now,
Who knelt before thy shrine;
And silence reigns where anthems rose,
In days of "Auld Lang Syne."

And sadly sighs the wandering wind,
Where oft in years gone by,
Prayers rose from many hearts to Him,
The Highest of the High.
The tramp of many a busy foot
That sought the aisles is o'er,
And many a weary heart around,
Is still forevermore.

How doth ambition's hope take wings!
How droops the spirit now!
We hear the distant city's din,
The dead are mute below;
The sun that shone upon their paths
Now gilds their lonely graves,
The zephyrs which once fanned their brows,
The grass above them waves.

Oh! could we call the many back,
Who've gathered here in vain,
Who've careless roved, where we do now,
Who'll never meet again;
How would our very hearts be stirred
To meet the earliest gaze
Of the lovely and the beautiful,
The light of other days!

IMPORTUNITY.

I've waited long enough, Kathleen,
The winter's fairly past:
The lambs are playing on the green,
The swallow's come at last.
The vine is leafy around my door;
The blossoms on the May;
The waves come dancing to the shore—
Why don't you name the day?

You know you put me off, Kathleen,
Until the early spring;
The skies are tranquil and serene,
The bees are on the wing;
The fisher spreads his little sail;
The mower's in the hay;
The primrose blossoms in the vale—
Why don't you name the day?

The church is building in the thorn,
Among the whispering leaves;
The lark is in the corn;
The martin neath the eaves.
The little birds don't build in vain;
Their mates don't say them nay—
Beware! I may not ask again;
Why don't you set the day?

Miscellaneous.

A RUNAWAY MATCH.

A great many years since, when bright-eyed and fair-haired lassies were not so plenty in New England as they now are, there dwelt in the town of P——, distant some five and twenty miles from a market town, a peculiarly comely and graceful maiden, who had a peculiarly ugly and crossed grained, but wealthy old father.

Minnie was Danforth's only child, and report said truly she would be his only legatee. The old man was a sturdy farmer, and was esteemed to be worth full ten thousand dollars, at that period a very handsome fortune, indeed.

The sparkling eyes and winning manners of Minnie Danforth stirred up the finer feelings of the whole male population of the village, and her suitors were numerous, but her father was particular, and none succeeded in making headway with him or her.

In the meantime Minnie had a true and loyal lover in secret ; Who would dare supposed for a moment that such a fellow would have dared to look upon beauty and comparative refinement?

His name was Walker, or, as he was generally called, "Joe"—"Joe Walker" and he was simply a farmer employed by old Danforth who had entrusted Joe with the management of his large place two or three years.

But a very excellent farmer and a not good manager was this plain, unassuming, but good looking Joe Walker. He was young, too, only twenty-three; and he actually fell in love with the beautiful, pleasant and jovial Minnie Danforth, his employer's only daughter. But the strangest part of the occurrence was that Minnie returned his love earnestly, truly and frankly, and promised to wed him at a favorable moment.

Things went on merrily for a time, but old Danforth discovered certain glances and attentions between them which excited his early suspicions.

Very soon afterwards Joe learned the old man's mind, indirectly, with regard to the disposal of Minnie's hand and quickly saw that his case was a hopeless one, unless he resorted to stratagem, and so he put his wits at once to work.

By agreement an apparently settled coldness and distance was observed by the lovers towards each other, and the father saw, as he believed, that his precious suspicions had been proe matter.

Then by agreement also, between them, Joe absented himself from the house at evening and night after night, as soon as his work was done; did he appear to return home at late bed-time. This was something unusual, and old Danforth determined to know the cause of it.

Joe frankly confessed that he was in love with a man's daughter, who resided less than five miles distant, but after a faithful attachment between them for several months, the old man had utterly refused to entertain his application for the young girl's hand.

That was capital—just what old Danforth desired. This satisfied him that he had made a mistake in regard to his own child; and he would have Joe get married, and stop all trouble and suspicion at once. So he said:

"Well, Joe, is she a buxom lass?"

"Yes, yes," said Joe. "But I'm not much of a judge myself."

"And you like her?"

"Yes."

"Then marry her."

"But I can't, the father objects."

"Pooh! what do you care? Run away with her."

"Elope?"

"Yes, certainly; off with you at once. If she will join, all right. You shall have the little cottage at the foot of the lane; I will fix it up for you. Your wages shall be raised, and the old man may like it or not."

"But——"

"But no buts, Joe. Do as I bid you. Go about it at once, and——"

"You will stand by me?"

"Yes, to the very last. I know you, Joe, you are a good workman, and will make any one a good son or husband."

"But the old fellow will be so mad."

"Who cares? I say. Go quickly but quietly."

"To-morrow night, then."

"Yes."

"I will hire Culver's horse."

"I say no. Take my horse; the best one, young Morgan. He will take you off in style, in the phaeton."

"Exactly."

"And as soon as you get spliced, come right back here, and a jolly time we will have of it in the old house."

"Her father will kill me."

"Bah! he is an old fool, whoever he is. He does not know you good qualities, Joe, as well as I do. Do not be afraid, faint heart, you know, never won fair lady."

"The old man will be astonished."

"Never mind; we will turn the laugh on him. I will take care of your wife at any rate."

"You shall," said Joe Walker, and [illegible]

An hour after dark, on the following evening, Joe made his appearance dressed in a nice new black suit, really looking very comely. The old man bustled out to the barn with him, helping to harness young Morgan to the phaeton, and leading the spunky animal himself to the road, and away went Joe Walker in search of his bride.

A few rods distant from the house he found her, according to previous engagement, and repairing to the next village, the parson soon made them one in holy wedlock. Joe took his bride and soon dashed back to the town of P——, and halted at old Danforth's house, who was already looking for him, and who received him with open arms.

"Is it done?" cried the old man.

"Yes," said Joe.

"Bring her in, bring her in," continued the old fellow in high glee.—"Never mind compliments; no matter about the dark entry; here Joe, to the right, in the best parlor. We will have a good time now, sure!" and the anxious farmer rushed away for lights, returning almost immediately.

"Here is the certificate," said Joe.

"Yes, yes——"

"And this is my wife," he added, as he passed up his beautiful bride, the bewitching and loving Miss Danforth.

"What!" roared the old fellow, "what did you say? So—you villain, you scamp, you audacious cheat, you you——"

"It is the truth, sir; we are lawfully married. You lent me your horse; you thought me worthy any man's child. You encouraged me; you promised to stand by me; you offered me the cottage at the foot of the lane, and——"

"I did not. I deny it. You cannot prove it. You are a——a——"

"Calmly, now," said Joe; and the entreaties of the happy couple were united to quell the old man's ire, and persuade him to acknowledge the union.

The father relented at last. It was a job of his own manufacture, and he saw finally how useless it would be to attempt to destroy it.

He gave in reluctantly, and the fair Minnie Danforth was overjoyed to be acknowledged as Mrs. Joe Walker.

The marriage proved a joyful one, and the assertion of Danforth proved true in every respect.

The cunning lover was a good son and a faithful husband, and lived many a year to enjoy the happiness which followed upon his "runaway match," while the old man never cared to hear much about the details of the elopement, for he saw how he had overshot the mark.

THE owner of a large dog at Grand Rapids, Michigan, placed a one hundred dollar looking-glass before the animal to worry him. The dog flew around, barking and growling. The owner was delighted, and cried "sick 'em!" The dog "sicked," and the "other dog" disappeared at the same time.

A Touching Picture.

Senator Nye, of Nevada, in his great speech recently delivered in the Senate of the United States, drew the following, touching picture:

Three weeks ago I went over to Arlington Heights. I counted there a great many graves, and they told me there were fourteen thousand dead soldiers reposing upon the Heights of Arlington. Early in May, 1861, I stood upon those heights, and there was not a grave there. The inquiry naturally arose in my mind, why are so many here now? I found a quick and ready answer in a recurrence to the terrible revolution of the last four years. There lie mingled the remains of rebels and the remains of Union men. I noticed not unfrequently as I passed along, the inscription "unknown" on the head board of the Union soldier. Sir, in behalf of that unknown soldier I require prudence at the hands of this Congress. There I got the inspiration, if I may use the expression, of extreme caution. I stand here the advocate of that unknown soldier, and in his name and by his memory I demand of the Congress of the United States that they shall tread cautiously in this great work of binding up the wounds of the country. In the name of all the dead I demand it. In the name of mourning millions I require at the hands of everybody who is engaged in this work to see to it that it is done in such a way as to render a recurrence of this terrible rebellion impossible.—Stain not again the fair fields of this country with loyal blood; rear no more hecatombs of loyal bones; but stand here in this breach made by them as the Romans stood, firm and determined, that what you do shall be well done, and that it shall not require doing again. If all these recollections are not enough, in the name of the martyred Lincoln I demand prudence at the hands of the American Government. If that is not enough, I demand it in the name of the mangled living.

My friend from Wisconsin will pardon me, having great faith as he says, in the final result, if I call his attention to another view. Sir, beyond the grave we shall meet an army of three hundred thousand dead, who will never again answer to roll call on earth, but in the day of judgment they will be there. In their name and by their memory, by the immortal death they died, and lives they lived, I demand the Congress and every department of this government, in every power of [illegible] in this great work of reconstruction. Sir, my mind is made up. Encounter whatever opposition it may, from whatever source, I will be prudent.—By all the sacred recollections of the past, I demand caution. By all that is garnered up in the rich treasure-house of the future, I demand caution. In the name of liberty and freedom itself and its perpetuation, I demand caution at every step you take. Rush not madly on to any policy. See where your strength lies, and follow that. See where the right lies, no matter whose policy it may be, and follow it, though the heavens fall.

Sir, I entertain no fears for the future of this country. It is written by the finger of Omnipotence himself that this nation is to be the freest, noblest, happiest nation of the earth. Through whatever tribulations we may have to go, I see through the mists and the fogs of the present its coming glory in the future. This continent is destined and dedicated as the abode of a happy and free people. If our sufferings have not been sufficient to bring us to the true consideration of what is demanded at our hands, it may be that we shall be called upon to wade through still deeper afflictions; but, sir, the spirit of this people will rise with the demand. It will carry on to perfection the great work commenced by our fathers here of making this the abode of the free and the home of the oppressed of every race and clime. [Applause in the galleries.]

CHALLENGE.—A little fop, conceiving himself insulted by a gentleman, who ventured to give him some wholesome advice, strutted up to him with an air of importance, and said, "Sir, you are no gentleman! Here is my card—consider yourselves challenged. Should I be from home when you honor me with a call, I shall leave word with a friend to settle all the preliminaries to your satisfaction." To which the other replied, "Sir you are a fool! Here is my card—consider your *nose pulled*. And should I not be at home when you call on me, you will find I have left orders with my servant to show or kick you into the street for your impudence."

On the door of one of the rooms in South College, Yale, is the following notice: "No soap needed here at present; no nice cigars wanted; no old clothes in this room. Notice—No contribution to infirm negroes, soldiers and lone widows with eighteen small children. No relief for destitute mariners from blockade runners, with a strong smell of whiskey. General Notice.—To all whom it may concern: Applicants for charity are hereby informed that the occupants of this room have gone fishing, and won't be home till morning. No molasses or pop corn wanted. No apples, lemons or oranges needed for a few days to come."

The Self-Accusing Nature of Crime.

We are so constituted that although external circumstances may conspire to conceal our crime, yet retribution commences immediately after its commission. No sooner has the murderer accomplished his fell purpose than the agonies of an aroused accusing conscience begin to torture him. Sleep forsakes his eyelids, the darkness of the night is peopled with horrible phantoms. They crowd around his pillow and shriek the name of his dark crime into his ear. Daylight brings no relief, for though he go forth into the busy world, and mingle with the bustling crowds of his fellow men; though he try to lose himself in the distraction of guilty joy, yet in all its scenes the phantoms are at his elbow, gazing at him with its hollow eyes, appalling him with its speechless accusations, and high above the noise of many voices, the strains of music, the roar of cannon or the peal of thunder, the death shriek of each victim rings through his soul, for the powers of nature as well as the hand of man are alike directed against him as against one common enemy. What a fallacy is crime, seeing that it makes a brave man fear life more than death! And not only is this self-inflicting retribution attendant upon murder, the highest of all crimes, but in a proportionate degree it accompanies every infringement of the moral law. We may commit crime without detection, but we can no more commit crime without punishment than we can infuse poison into the blood without injury. It is one of the most subtle workings of our internal constitution, and is in strict keeping with the analogies of nature. We expose our physical constitutions to the action of forces inimical to it, whether of damp, cold, or heat, and we suffer accordingly; and if we expose our moral constitution to the action of crime we must entail upon ourselves, as an inevitable consequence, the punishment of an avenging conscience—a moral palsy, a wounded self-respect, a loss of that conscious rectitude, which can alone make a man decisive in action, bold in danger, and generous and good in all things.

Take a case in point. There is a man who has broken the laws of his country, has stolen, perjured, or forged; the vengeance of social justice overtakes him; he is deprived of the rights of citizenship and confined in prison, whence, after an [illegible] period, he is over; it is not so, his punishment is going on within, and will probably go on as long as he lives. He has lost caste, has labored his self-respect henceforth he will never feel the proud integrity amongst his fellowmen; there is a foul brand on his forehead, a felon-feeling in his heart, which will make his lips falter when he pronounces the words of probity and honor, for they will fall from him like lies. Society may welcome him back, may honor him with her most distinguished gift, but in vain; he will drag the fetid carcass of his moral life through all the world's fairest scenes and though men may bow before him, yet the applause of honesty will be his most bitter reproof, for to himself he will always be a lost, ruined man. Such is the terrible price of the departure from rectitude. Human law may assign punishment, but it cannot atone for the loss of that feeling of spotless honor, that consciousness of innocence, which, once gone, can never be regained, and that whispering of the accusing self which will blight the fairest life and blast the happiest hour.—*Dublin University Magazine.*

Simplicity in Language.

Don't part with your common sense when you write. You need not make an idiot of yourself, because you have a pen in your hand. Be simple, be honest, be unaffected in your speaking and writing. Never use a long word where a short one will do. Call things by their right name; never smother your thought with a cloud of phrases; let a spade be a spade not a well known oblong instrument of manual industry; let home be home, not a residence; a place a place, not a locality. Write much as you would speak; speak as you think. With your inferiors, speak no coarser than usual; with your superiors, no finer. Be what you say, and say what you are. Avoid all oddity of expression. Be wise man will so speak that no one may observe how he speaks. Above all, do not bore your company with a affectation of precision and accuracy. One of the worst nuisances is the talker who is always setting you right. If some one says that 10,000 men were killed in some battle, do not tell him that it was only 9,970. Ask for a little latitude of statement in the freedom of easy talk, and be not shocked with a certain degree of hatless embellishment, when no false impression is given or intended. Talk to please not yourself, but your neighbor; give him the refreshment of sitting by a cheerful, modest, sensible talker; one who is equally ready to give or to take; and who leaves his facts and his opinions on your memory not the words in which they were uttered. Be a gentleman in openness of demeanor, in simplicity of langue, in freedom from singularity, if it by birth.—Show your good taste and good breeding in your speech and style, if not in the fashion of your rees or your knowledge of etiquette.

Mormondom.

The Gentiles have not only invaded Utah, but become bold, even to audacity, in assailing "the patriarchal institution." The *Vidette*, which is the Gentile newspaper, has evinced a degree of radicalism quite offensive to Mr. Brigham Young and his fellow conservatives. The editor has been scolded, after the most approved fashion, has been denounced in the choicest billingsgate, and has been ferociously threatened with various dire afflictions, from simple cow-hiding up to bloody assassination, and all this without abating his public opposition to the nameless pollutions of Mormon society. At last he has been forced to succumb. There are terrors before which even devoted martyrs quail and shrink back, and so this editor has suspended over his head horrors which appall his sturdy spirit. Just see what is denounced against him, and how he trembles in prospect of the impending doom.

"We stop the press to give place to the following: 'Now,' as the lark said to her young ones, 'it *is* time for us to leave!' We could stand the 'bloody hand' and the 'skedaddle' of other warnings, but the following gets us.—Just count us out!"

SALT LAKE CITY, Apr. 9, 1866.

"*Mr. Editor Vidette:*—If you don't quit abusing Stenhouse and the Mormons, we'll come and *marry you*.—We don't 'mean blood,' and we won't stand to have Stenhouse maligned; so you look out.

☞ 27 MORMON WOMEN."

"We weaken on the turn. Will some one take our place? '27 Mormon women!' Phew! We apologize.—We don't edit the *Vidette*.—Stenhouse is a good fellow—a brave man—and he *can* look a dog in the face! Besides, he never did borrow a pair of brass knucklers. '27 M—' O Lord, have mercy upon us, miserable sinners! Don't shoot this way! We are not the man! 27 wives! We'll go."

Won't Congress hurry up a Constitutional Amendment for his relief?

A Beautiful Figure.

Two painters were employed to fresco the walls of a magnificent cathedral; both stood on a rude scaffolding, erected for the purpose, some eighty feet from the floor.

One of them was so intent upon his work, and so absorbed, in admiration, both of the picture, gazing at it with delight. Forgetting where he was, he moved backward slowly, surveying critically the work of his pencil, until he neared the very edge of the plank upon which he was standing.

At this critical moment his companion turned suddenly, and, almost frozen with horror, beheld his imminent peril; another instant, and the enthusiast would be precipitated upon the pavement beneath; if he spoke to him it would be certain death—if he held his breath, death was equally sure.—Suddenly he regained his presence of mind, and seeing a wet brush flung it against the wall, spattering the beautiful picture with unsightly blotches of coloring. The painter flew forward and turned upon his friend with fierce imprecations; but startled at his ghastly face, he listened to the recital of danger, looked suddenly over the dread space below, and with tears of gratitude blessed the man that saved him.

So, said a preacher, we sometimes get absorbed in looking upon the pictures of this world, and in contemplating them, step backward, unconscious of our peril, when the Almighty dashes out the beautful images, and we spring forward to lament their destruction—into the outstretched arms of mercy, and are saved.

THE MAN WHO NEVER HAS ANYTHING OF HIS OWN.—Of course you have encountered this pest. He borrows your penknife, your razor, your writing utensils, your umbrella; and what you lend him goes, as a rule to that bourne which no traveller returns. Not that he is dishonest, but he considers himself a sort of pensioner on the world at large for minor conveniences, and has no idea that their restoration is expected. As he is usually a good natured fellow, who would give you anything he had if he had anything to give, you don't like to snub him; and so he passes thro' life in his shiftless, careless way, unconscious of his demerits—a tolerated nuisance. Willingly would you raise a subscription, heading the list of donors yourself, to furnish him with all he borrows. But it would be useless. There is no tenacity in his slipshod nature. Whatever you might give him would slip through his fingers. Besides your professional borrower of small chattels prefers a *loan* to a *gift*. So far as your personal comfort is concerned, it is best to meet his application for loans with an emphatic "No." He is not pertinacious. A few rebuffs will suffice.—He knows well enough that if you won't supply the article he wants, somebody else will. If you are "mean," there are others who are "generous."

A WORTHY MAN, when told that he was about to die, said he was "glad of it; he was tired of putting his shoes and stockings on and off." And this is what life gets reduced to at seventy.

An Interesting Sequel to a Hasty Divorce.

A correspondent of the *Volksfreund*, writing from the 'Indiana Prairie,' April 30th, has the following:

"In Sullivan county a young married pair, who had been united in the bonds of wedlock about six years, have become somewhat mutually disagreeable of late, the husband, in his anger, hastened to a lawyer, and took steps to obtain a divorce from his wife. One day he came home to his wife and said to her: 'Betsy, I have fulfilled your wish. You said you wished you were separated from me. Here is the decree of divorce.' His wife was at first surprised, but far too indignant to betray any emotion. She said she was ready to leave. She only needed to pack up her goods. She wished he would be present to see that she took nothing except what was her own. He stepped into the adjoining room with her where the bureau and clothes-press were. The wife proceeded in silence to take out the clothes, when suddenly, her eyes fell upon a small dress, and, quite, overcome, she broke out in convulsive weeping. The husband, hitherto an indifferent observer, remarked her emotion, and discovered the cause.—It was the dress of their only child, a little daughter of three years, who had died almost two years ago. The husband was not less affected by the sight than his wife. He embraced her with emotion, begged her pardon again and again, tore the decree of divorce into a thousand pieces, hastened to the Clerk's office, took out a new marrige license, and was married immediately to his late wife.

A young minister went into the country to preach, and observed, during his discourse, a poor woman who seemed to be much affected. After the service he resolved to pay her a visit, and see what were the impressions on her mind.

"Well," said he, "what were you so much affected about during the service?"

"Oh, sir," said the woman, "I'll tell you. About six years ago, me and my husband removed to this place, and all the property we had was a poor donkey. Husband he died, and then me me and donkey was left alone. At last, donkey he died, and, to tell you the truth, your voice put me so in mind of that dear old critter, that I couldn't help taking on an' crying about it."

IN THE WRONG PLACE.—An old Methodist, very great at responses, which were not always appropriate, but always well meant, went one day to hear a popular preacher. The preacher, usually lucid, was rather perplexed, and felt it himself. He labored through the first part, and then said:

"Brethern, I have reached the conclusion of my first point."

"Thank God!" ejaculated the old man, who sat before him, profoundly interested, in a voice that was heard in every part of a large church.

The last part of that sermon was harder to preach than the first.

IN a late number of the Sprinfield *Republican* is an administrator's notice on the 'Estate of Abraham Lincoln, deceased,' wherein David Davis, administrator, gives notice that he will attend before the County Court of Sangamon county on the third Monday in June next, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them for adjustment.

CLYMER has declared in favor of a free railroad law. Two years ago he declared in favor of a free Confederacy, but denies his declaration to-day. Will he indulge in the same denial two years hence concerning his present declaration about a free railroad law? Quite likely, if he lives and covets an office, and it is policy for him to do so.

GIVING A CHARACTER.—"Do you know the prisoner, Mr. Wiggins?"—"Yes, to the bone." "What is his character?" "Did't know he had any." "Does he live near you?"—"So near that he has only spent $5 for firewood in eight years.

"DIDN'T you tell me you could hold a plow?" said the farmer to an Irishman he had taken on trial. "Be aisy, now," said Pat. "How could I hould it an' two horses pullin' it away?—Just stop the craters and I'll hould it for ye."

THE Methodists of the South have concluded to adopt the name of "Episcopal Methodist Church." Having for years twisted the doctrines of the Methodist Church they now twist its title.

IN a country churchyard this epitaph may be seen; "Here lies the body of John Robinson, and Ruth, his wife." Underneath is the motto, "Their warfare is accomplished."

A MAN in Chicago got very drunk recently, and hung himself to the outside of the saloon where he had been drinking, thus making himself at once a sign and a warning.

Religious Intelligence.

The *Christian Instructor* has quite a lengthy editorial on the "Coming General Assembly" of the United Presbyterian Church, from which we learn that among the important items of business which will be brought before that body will be to perfect and expedite the work of revising the Book of Government and the Directory of Worship; consider the New Version of the Psalms, and making adequate provisions for the different Boards of the Church.

The Roman Catholic missionaries in China know how to catch converts by splendid pageants and ceremonies. They are about to erect at Pekin an immense cathedral, outrivaling in magnificence the most gorgeous of the heathen temples in that capital.

A meeting was recently held at Kankakee, Illinois, at which the Hon. D. D. L. M'Culloch, subscribed thirty thousand dollars to endow a Professorship in the Northwestern University at Evanston, Illinois.

Dr. Stuart Robinson, the rebel minister, who was forced to leave Louisville, Ky., during the war of the rebellion, on his return recently to Louisville, preached a sermon on "the sham religions of the present day."

An English Methodist Episcopal Church is to be built at Berlin, at an expense of fifteen thousand dollars. The American Minister, Ex-Governor Wright, is a member and an active leader of the church.

By the death of Mrs. Schlatter, a lineal descendant of the Swiss reformer, Ulrich Zwingli, the Zwingli family in Europe and America will become extinct.

The boys of the grammar schools of New Bedford, Mass., have organized themselves into a society for the suppression of profanity and vulgarity in their schools.

Nearly ten thousand dollars were distributed by the Philadelphia Methodist Episcopal Conference, at its last session, to the worn out preachers, their widows and children.

According to the *Lutheran Observer* the English Lutheran Church interests are looking up in New York City. A better day seems to have dawned.

There are in France 895 Reformed Church edifices, with 1,364 parochial schools, and 392 Lutheran Churches.

At the great revival at Delaware, Ohio, one hundred and one of the converts are students of the Ohio Wesleyan University.

Farm, House, &c.

TO PURIFY RANCID LARD.—A correspondent of the Country Gentleman writes as follows:

"We had some forty pounds of rancid lard which was as valueless as it was offensive. Knowing the antiseptic qualities of chloride of soda I procured three ounces of it, which was poured into about a pailful of soft water, and, after being heated, the lard added. After boiling thoroughly together for an hour or two, it was set aside to cool. The lard was taken off when nearly cold, and was subsequently boiled up. The color was restored to an alabaster white, and the lard was as sweet as a rose."

TO KEEP EGGS.—The reason why eggs decay is because the atmosphere penetrates the pores of the shell; evaporates the watery portions inside, and decay begins. A remedy is to immerse the eggs in boiling water for a few seconds. It is easily done, for a hundred eggs in a basket can be dipped at once into a tub of boiling water. They must be held in the water long enough to count twenty at a fast rate. The heat of the water congeals the surface of the albumen immediately under the egg shell, thus forming an air tight coating, which prevents evaporation and decay.—*Exchange.*

FOOD FOR YOUNG CALVES.—A correspondent asks how young calves should be treated when you wish to use as much of the cow's milk as possible.—Knock the calves on the head, literally. But if you wish to raise the calves, give them "hay tea" thickened with oat meal. Eggs broken in their drink are good and nourishing. Sliced beets or carrots are eaten with avidity after the calves are four or five weeks old. We also inform our querist that either beets or carrots are excellent for milk cows in the spring, before the grass comes, but if we could choose we should take the carrots.

ACTIVE MANURE.—The Maine Farmer recommends a mixture of leached ashes, hen droppings softened in water, plaster, and night soil well mixed with fine soil. It starts vegetation finely, and keeps it warm in the cold days of June.

SALVE FOR SORES, INFLAMATION, &c.—Take one pound of rosin, three ounces of beeswax, three ounces of mutton tallow, and one-third of an ounce of verdigris. Melt the rosin, wax and tallow together, and when cool add the verdigris finely pulverized.

THE Michigan Rural says some farmers in that State call every quail on a farm worth five dollars per year for the insects destroyed by them.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

A. S. RUTAN ....., J. L. ANDERSON.

J. S. RUTAN & Co.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

MAY 30th, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Union County Nominations.

Congress.

GEO. V. LAWRENCE, Washington;

President Judge.

B. B. CHAMBERLIN, New Brighton;

Associate Judge.

AGNEW DUFF, New Brighton;

State Senate.

Col. ALEX. W. TAYLOR, Borough;

Assembly.

M. S QUAY, Beaver;

Sheriff.

JOHN S. LITTELL, Hookstown;

Register & Recorder.

DARIUS SINGLETON, Raccoon;

Clerk of Courts.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Beaver.

Commissioner.

JAS. WARNOCK, North Sewickly;

Poor House Director.

JOHN K. POTTER, Raccoon;

Auditor.

J. F. M'MILLIN, S. Beaver;

Trustees of Academy.

Dr. JOHN MURRAY, Bridgewater;
Dr. DAVID STANTON, N. Brighton;

We publish the proceedings of the Convention held on Monday, in another column, and have not space to comment at length. The Convention was full, and great interest was taken in the proceedings. We have never known a more harmonious Convention, or less dissatisfaction with the result. The ticket nominated is a strong one, unexceptionable, and will be elected by a large majority. We have a good ticket, and with the good feeling which prevails, will certainly give a larger Union majority in this county than ever before. Our friends must go to work at once however, to secure this result. The resolutions passed meet with general approval, and Democrats who hoped to see dissatisfaction, were themselves greatly dissatisfied and disappointed. The Union party of Beaver county is stronger to-day than ever, as Democrats will learn before the campaign is over.

The County Convention, on Monday, instructed in favor of a General Rail Road Law, and the candidates for Assembly, and State Senate both pledged themselves to advocate and vote for such a law. We are glad the party in this County has taken such decided action, and hope other counties will follow the example. The Democratic party has not thus far declared either way, but we suppose, since we have taken the lead, Democrats hereabouts will be compelled to follow.—One thing is certain, none but friends of this law can succeed in this county, and the true friends are those who first take action, not those who are forced into the measure by the action of others.

The President and members of his Cabinet were called upon last week by a serenading crowd, and all responded. The speech of Sec. Stanton attracted more attention than any of the others. There was a wide-spread desire to know how the great Secretary of War stood upon the question of restoration. It was known that he had always sided with the radicals, and was still claimed by them, notwithstanding the published statement of his views as expressed in Cabinet to the contrary. The speech of Mr. Stanton was doubtless carefully prepared, and is frank and very able. We gather from it that he is opposed to the plan of reconstruction now before Congres, and approves the President's policy. He favored the Freedmen's Bureau Bill and the Civil Rights Bill, but as the first was vetoed and lost, and the latter vetoed but passed, and is now a law, he thinks they are not now subjects of discussion. He also admits that he favored at first negro suffrage, but that his judgment was finally convinced that it was impracticable. The President, he believes, is right in his policy, and that it must ultimately be accepted by all. As Secretary Stanton is justly regarded as one of the purest and ablest men of the nation, his views must have great weight with the people. Secretaries M'Cullough, Wells, Dennison and Seward all emphatically endorse the President. Sec. Seward made a speech a few days since at Auburn, New York, his home, in which he declared that the President would not leave the Union party or seek to destroy it, but that believing his policy right, he sought and ultimately would have the endorsement of his policy by the party. So long as no effort is made to destroy the party, we are content to tolerate difference of opinion

Union County Convention.

The Delegates elected to the Union Convention, in pursuance to the call of the County Committee, assembled at the Court House, in Beaver, on Monday, at 11 o'clock, and organized by electing John Y. Marks, Esq., of Economy township, President; James M. Imbrie, Esq., of Big Beaver, and John Slentz, Esq., of Ohio, Vice Presidents, and Prof G. M. Fields, of Fallston, John Caughey, Esq., of Beaver, and Samuel Magaw, Esq., of New Brighton, Secretaries. The districts were then called over and the following persons presented their credentials and were admitted to seats in the Convention:

Borough township: James S. Rutan, James Darragh, John Caughey, J. R. Harrah.
Bridgewater: Chas. Stone, Wm. Barnes.
Big Beaver: T. J. Marshall, C. P. Wallace, J. M. Imbrie, John Chapman.
Brighton Tp: A. Watterson, David W. Scott, John G. Hunter.
Chippewa: Samuel Walton, John W. Welsh, Wilson Cunningham, Robt. Bradshaw.
Darlington: G. W. Powell, J. P. Martin, W. C. Sherlock, Archy Cunningham.
Economy: John Y. Marks, Leonard J. Berry, George Neely, James H. Dungan.
Fallston: John Thornily, G. M. F. Fields, G. W. Taylor.
Franklin: Henry Musser, J. Y. Zeigler.
Freedom boro: W. W. Kerr, G. W. Welsh, Alfred M'Caskey.
Freedom district: Jas. Park, Robt. Skiles.
Green: Edward Spence, Jr., Samuel Nelson, Thomas Todd, James H. Trimble.
Frankfort: David Anderson, Wm. Ewing, James M'Combs, Wm. Beal.
M'Guire's dist: John Nelson, Basil Swearingen. H. W. Nelson, George Little.
Hopewell: Jos. A. Fleming, Dr. C. A. Wendt, James Irons, Robt. W. Scott.
Industry: C. H. Hays, Samuel Gormly, Solomon Dellinger.
Independence: David Reed, Arthur Shields.
Marion: G. W. Boots, Sherlock Stone.
Moon: J. W. Zimmerly, Wm. Douds, Wm. Springer, Jas. S. Elliot.
New Brighton: Samuel Magaw, M. T. Kennedy, Benj. Wilde, John Reeves.
New Sewickly: Henry Goehring, C. Black, Edwin Reeder, John Hesson.
North Sewickly: J. Cunningham, J. K. Thompson, J. M. Witherow.
Ohio: John Slentz, A. J. Petit, Clark A. Hunter, R. H. Barclay.
Patterson: Jas. Patterson, Archibald Robertson.
Phillipsburg: Robt. Routh, Henry Bimber.
Pulaski: Thomas Hays, Andrew Smiley.
Rochester boro: Thomas J. Power. Gilbert Pendleton, T. L. Darragh, John W. Hart.
Rochester tp: J. J. Foster, J. B. Young.
Raccoon: James Smith, Joseph Campbell, George Rambo, S. G. Gormly.
South Beaver: Samuel G. Caughey, A. J. Lawrence, Jas. A. Johnston, Jno. B. M'Millin.

On motion a Committee of three were appointed to draft and report resolutions. The Chairman appointed J. S. Rutan, James Patterson and A. J. Pettit said committee, after which the Convention adjourned until 1 o'clock.

The Convention re-assembled at 1 o'clock, and, on motion, the following persons, having no opposition, were nominated by acclamation: For Congress, Hon. George V. Lawrence; President Judge, Hon. B. B. Chamberlin; Assembly, Hon. M. S. Quay; Clerk of [illegible]

On motion, the Convention proceeded to ballot for candidates for the different offices, with the following result:

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

	1st bal.	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th
Benj. Todd	20	20	20	20	20	20
Agnew Duff	42	42	42	42	42	42
Thomas G. Kerr	35	35	35	35	35	35

The name of Benjamin Todd was then withdrawn, and the 7th ballot resulted as follows:

Duff	50
Kerr	47

STATE SENATE.

Alex. W. Taylor	67
William Henry	30

SHERIFF.

Previous to the ballot for Sheriff, the names of Spencer B. Briggs and Abner Morton were withdrawn, and the vote stood thus:

John S. Littell	72
James A. Anderson	15
David Johnston	9

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

Darius Singleton	54
Samuel Hamilton	37
Sharp Hemphill	6

COMMISSIONER.

	1st bal.	2d
J. S. Blazer	16	16
James Warnock	48	49
Robert F. M'Ilvain	33	32

AUDITOR.

William Chaney	10
J. F. M'Millin	87

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR.

Robert Cooper	14
John K. Potter	72
David Ewing	11

TRUSTEES OF ACADEMY.

Dr. Murray	58
Dr. Stanton	72
Rev. Henry Reck	54

On motion the candidates for President Judge, State Senate and Assembly were authorized to appoint their own Conferees, with leave to supply any vacancies that may occur.

Hon. M. Lawrence, Benj. Wilde and Henry Hice, Esqs., were selected by Mr. Chamberlin as his Conferees.

The Senatorial Conferees are—Dr. Shallenberger, Dr. Shurlock, and Captain Adams.

[The Assembly Conferees have not yet been named.]

Congressional Conferees were not named, because it was thought unnecessary, the nomination being conceded to Hon. Geo. V. Lawrence throughout the District. The committee on resolutions made the following report, which was unanimously adopted without debate:

Resolved, That this Convention fully endorse the nomination of that tried patriot and brave soldier, Major General John W. Geary, for Governor, and in behalf of the Union voters whom we represent pledge him a hearty support.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention that the unity and harmony of the Union party should be maintained, and that no true friend of the country should permit mere difference of opinion to alienate him from the party that saved the nation in the past, and must preserve it in the future.

Resolved, That it is to the united action of the Loyal Union Party, composed and made up of the spirit, the best and most patriotic of all the old party organizations, that we owe the preservation of our Government and the suppression of the great Rebellion, and all the now most bright and happy prospects of a united country, peace and concord among our whole people; but which can only be fully and speedily realized by the continued union and harmonious action of all parts and members of the same Union party.

Resolved, That we instruct whoever may be elected to represent this District in the General Assembly of this State, to vote for, and use all honorable means to pass a General Rail Road Law, and that none but friends of this measure will receive our support.

After the reading of the resolutions letters were read from Col. A. W Taylor and Hon. M. S. Quay, pledging themselves to vote for a General Railroad Law, which gave great satisfaction.

On motion, the Convention adjourned.

Political.

Col. Samuel M'Kelvey, of Pittsburg, was rejected in the Senate on Friday, as Marshal for Western Pennsylvania, by a party vote. None of the remaining Pittsburg appointments have been acted on.

Gen Ferry was on Wednesday last elected to the United States Senate from Connecticut for the full term of six years. The vote was a strict party one. Mr. Foster withdrew his pretensions.

Hon. Henry S. Lane, United States Senator from Indiana, peremptorily declines being a candidate for re election. Increasing years and failing health are given as the reasons for this retirement.

The Republican State Committee organized on Wednesday. Mr. Wm. H. Kemble was appointed Treasurer, and George W. Hammersly, A. W. Benedict and J. R. Dunglison, Secretaries. The usual sub Committees were designated.

General Richard Coulter, of Westmoreland county, declines to run as a third party candidate for Governor.—He says he is "not to be taken for a fool."

Gen E. R Eckley of Carroll, Sam'l W. Clark and Gen. James W. Reilly of Columbiana, and Gen. Charles F. Manderson and Capt. John F. Oliver of Stark, are announced as the Union candidates for nomination in the 17th Congressional district of Ohio. Gen. Samuel Beatty, of Massillon, is talked of as the Democratic candidate in the same district. The Salem *Republican* thinks he will be a badly flanked General about the 9th of October next.

The Nation, one of the ablest papers in the country, in a lengthy article on Reconstruction, closes it as follows:

"The fact, then, that there is not a single argument against negro suffrage which is not based on prejudice, is one of the grandest import in our statesmanship. The ignorance of the negro is remediable, and the remedy may be controlled by Congress. The popular dislike to him will doubtless last long after he has wiped off from himself the last traces of the degradation wrought by slavery, and the dread of having the general Government unduly strengthened by its efforts to better his condition in reality generally comes from men who are never troubled by any assumption of authority if only the "nigger" is not the object of it. All these arguments against it are based on things temporary, fleeting, and evanescent. Some of them people are already ashamed to use.

"On the other hand, our theory of Government, the popular conception of the mission of the Republic—a refuge for men of all races and all creeds, in which artificial distinctions should count for nothing, and in which the poorest and meanest should enjoy the same legal rights as the richest and best-born—the popular love of principles, the popular love of fair play, the national pride in its republicanism, in its equality, are all fighting in favor of the very thing which Congressmen are so afraid to touch. Negro suffrage may be a bad thing, an inexpedient thing, a thing that, if established, will prove the ruin of the country. Many people have the same feeling about democracy itself; but nothing can be more certain than that we shall yet see every man in this country, black, white, yellow, red, and brown, voting, no matter what the consequence may be. Every influence by which society is affected is helping to bring this about. The whole current of progress, physical and mental and moral and religious, runs in this direction, and the shrewd politicians are those who count on it, look for it, and proclaim its coming, and not those who are afraid to mention it."

Robt. Dale Owen, in a lengthy communication to the New Lork *Post*, advocates an amendment to the Constitution, providing, first, equality civil rights; second, a just basis of representation; third, a prohibition to assume the rebel debt or to pay for slaves.

The proposed amendment to the Tax bill, which looked to a prohibition of the further publication by the newspaper press of the Income returns, was agreed to by the Ways and Means Committee on Wednesday. In no event is any journal or individual to be allowed to make a copy of these returns.

Mr. Lincoln's Entrance Into Washington.

An exchange says that while in Washington City, early in December, 1864, the writer called on the President, with Isaac N. Arnold, member of Congress from Chicago, one of Mr. Lincoln's most trusted personal friends. We found him alone in the room wherein the Cabinet meetings are held (in the White House,) whose windows overlook the Potomac and the Washington monument. At the request of the writer, the President related the circumstances of his clandestine journey between Philadelphia and Washington. The narrative is here given substantially in his own words, as follows:

"I arrived at Philadelphia on the 21st. I agreed to stop over night, and on the following morning hoist the flag over Independence Hall. In the evening there was a great crowd where I received my friends, at the Continental Hotel. Mr. Judd, a warm personal friend from Chicago, sent for me to come to his room. I went, and found there Mr. Pinkerton, a skillful police detective, also from Chicago, who had been employed for some days in Baltimore, watching or searching for suspicious persons there. Pinkerton informed me that a plan had been laid for my assassination, the exact time when I expected to go through Baltimore being publicly known. He was well informed as to the plan, but did not know that the conspirators would have pluck enough to execute it. He urged me to go right through with him to Washington that night. I didn't like that. I had made engagements to visit Harrisburg and go from there to Baltimore, and I resolved to do so. I could not believe that there was a plot to murder me. I made arrangements, however, with Mr. Judd for my return to Philadelphia the next night, if I should be convinced that there was danger in going through Baltimore. I told him that if I should meet at Harrisburg, as I had at other places, a delegation to go with me to the next place (then Baltimore,) I should feel safe, and go on.

"When I was making my way back to my room, through crowds of people, I met Frederick Seward. We went together to my room, when he told me that he had been sent, at the instance of his father and General Scott, to inform me that their detectives in Baltimore had discovered a plot there to assassinate me. They knew nothing of Pinkerton's movements. I now believed such a plot to be in existence.

"The next morning I raised the flag over Independence hall, and then went to Harrisburg with Mr. Sumner, Major (now General) Hunter, Mr. Judd, Mr. Lamon and others. There I met the Legislature and people, dined, and waited until the time appointed for me to leave. In the meantime, Mr. Judd had so secured the telegraph that no communication could pass to Baltimore and give the conspirators knowledge of my movements. In New York some friends had given me a new beaver hat, in a box, and in it had placed a soft wool hat. I had never worn one of the latter in my life. I had this box in my room. Having informed a very few friends of the secret of my new movements, and the cause, I put on an old overcoat I had with me, and putting the hat in my pocket, I walked out of the house at a back door, bareheaded, without exciting any special curiosity. Then I put on the soft hat and joined my friends without being recognized by strangers, for, I was not the same man. Sumner and Hunter wished to accompany me. I said no; you are known, and your presence might betray me. I will only take Lamon, (now marshal of this district), whom nobody know, and Mr. Judd, Sumner and Hunter felt hurt.

"We went back to Philadelphia, and found a message here from Pinkerton (who had returned to Baltimore), that the conspirators had held their final meeting that evening, and it was doubtful whether they had the nerve to attempt the execution of their purpose. I went on however, as the arrangement had been made, in a special train. We were a long time in the station at Baltimore. I heard people talking around, but no one particularly observed me. At an early hour on Saturday morning, at about the time I was expected to leave Harrisburg, I arrived at Washington."

In the conferees which Generals Steadman and Fullerton are holding with the colored people in their tour through the South, there is a uniform desire expressed by the latter for the retention of the Bureau, whose officers are generally approved as well-meaning and upright. At Wilmington, when General Steadman asked whether they would prefer that the Bureau or the troops should be withdrawn, they answered unanimously, the troops. Among the various reasons for this choice, the privilege of schooling was not the least. At Norfolk, one of the committee (four or five are usually selected for convenience as spokesmen) was asked by the same General: "The duties of the Bureau must be turned over to the civ courts; had this better be done while the military remain?" He replied: "I think it best to get the Virginia courts in the habit of doing us justice *now*, while the military are here; *then* it will be much easier for them after the military are withdrawn." And general Steadman said: "I think your proposition a very sensible one."

Ex-Gov. Letcher, of Virginia, in a recent letter states that he takes no part in politics and has not cast a political vote since 1861. He says that he is pecuniary ruined, and is compelled to pure his profession. He says in conclon: "The only service I can render to give the country the benefit of my example, in showing a proper respect for the laws of the land, and a practice obedience thereto."

The Bankrupt Bill—Synopsis of its Provisions.

Washington, May 22.—The bankrupt bill provides that the District and Circuit Courts have jurisdiction, that any person owing debts over three hundred dollars, filing a petition of inability to pay, and willingness to surrender his estate, shall be adjudged a bankrupt, and a warrant issued for the sheriff to possess until an assignee is appointed. The duties of assignees are defined. It provides for examination before Court of the distributions of the estate, creditors to share prorata without preference each wages to clerks and operators under $50 a month.

The order in the dividend is, first, the costs of the Court; second, debts to the United States and State assessments; third, wages, fifty debts having priority by law. It provides also for the discharge from all debts after compliance, and provides a punishment for fraud. Seven days conferment of judgment and fourteen for commercial paper shall be an act of bankruptcy. The act takes effect for officers after the promulgation. No petition to be filed before the first of November next.

From Nashville.

Nashville, May 25.—John Porterfield has been paroled by the President to report to Gen. Thomas.

Andrew Johnson, jr., nephew of the President, has been removed from the agency of the State Penitentiary, by the Commissioners of that institution, and J. S. Wall appointed warden.

The Legislature adjourned on Monday till October 8th.

A great Fenian meeting to-night was addressed by J. Brennan, jr., of New York.

News from the interior of Georgia represents agricultural products nearly ruined by the late heavy rains.—The wheat crop is a failure on account of rust. Great destitution prevails. Hundreds of families are destitute of food.

The crops in Tennessee are backward. About half a crop of wheat is anticipated. Corn and cotton promising.

Great Fire at Oil City.

Oil City, May 26.—The most destructive fire ever in the oil regions occurred at Oil City to day. The whole east side of the creek, comprising half the business portion of the city, is in ashes, consisting of 75 stores, 8 hotels, 40 dwelling houses, 1 church and seminary. The loss is $1,000,000. Insured for $100,000. The following are among the principle sufferers: Gordon & White, mercantile building, $40,000; insured $5,000. Fox, Fuller & Co., lumber, $70,000; insurance $12,000. Robson & Co, pipe works, $30,000; insured $5,000. Alfred Wright, tools and tubing, loss heavy. Bishop & Dawson, dry goods, $10,000; insured $5,000. Burchfield, Easterline & Co., hardware, $30,000; insured 12,000—Williams & Co. $40,000; insured for $20,000. The oil shipping portion of the city sustained no loss. Over 175

Kidnapping Bill Approved.

Washington, May 23.

The President has approved the bill to prevent and punish kidnapping. It provides that if any person shall kidnap or carry away any other person, whether negro, mulatto or otherwise, with the intent that such other person shall be closed or carried into involuntary servitude or held as a slave, or if any person shall entice, persuade or knowingly induce any other person to go on board any vessel, or to any other place, with the intent that he or she shall, in any way, knowingly aid in causing any other person to be held, sold or carried away, to be held as a slave, he or she shall be punished, on conviction thereof, by a fine of not less than $500 nor more than $5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding five years, or by both of said punishments.

The Hissing Affair.

The atrocious insult offered the National Flag, the portrait of Washington, and a national air, by a number of rebels in the old theatre, on Saturday night, has excited deep indignation among the most moderate Union men, as well as among the more ultra ones. Several gentlemen have declared that they were done with conservatism, after that display of disloyalty. A stern policy is the only one to employ in dealing with the rabid haters of the Government and all its honored insignias, symbols and emblems.—We assure the persons engaged in the hissing business that the American people are determined that every man who lives under the United States Flag shall either love it or fear it. If they have not the good sense to love it, the soldiers who put down the rebellion have the power to make them dread it. God forbid that ever an invading army should enter our territory again, for fain would we spare the people every where the terrible scourge of war, but an army will come again, if necessary, to crush the hissing serpent of treason.—*Nashville Times and Press.*

Jeff. Davis.

Fortress Monroe, May 25.—Instructions from Washington were received this morning by Gen. Miles to give Jeff. Davis, on his parole, the freedom of the fort, confining him to his room at Carroll Hall at night.

Messrs. Shea and Conner, his counsel, have been allowed access to the fort, and private interviews with him at any time.

A Judge in New York has wisely decided that public roads and streets belong as much to pedestrians as to teams. He says it is as much the duty of the vehicle to keep out of the way of the pedestrian as it is for the latter to escape being run over by the former.

Sir Morton Peto.

The London correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser*, speaking of the recent smash up in London, says that the failure of Peto, Betts & Co., was not unexpected, and adds: "When Sir Morton was starring in the United State, as a millionaire, many of us kew the dangers he was running and how near he had been to bnkruptcy. He and his firm more than any others had raised up an edifice of credit which frightened the ordinary spectator.—Ever on those dizzy heights, where their work of doing and undoing was incessant, they have trod the edge of precipices like Alpine goats, with only a hair between them and destruction, and now the hair seems to have gone; I think, however, the firm will rally. They have rich friends in the discounting interest, to whom a few millions of money is not much, and these will enable him, at all events, to prosecute his home and foreign contracts.

It will be recollected, says the Pittsburg *Commercial*, that the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, on the 18th of July, 1862, on account of insinuations made questioning the loyalty of certain of its members, and to put themselves in a proper position regarding their loyalty as a body and as individuals, passed a resolution that each and all of them take the oath of allegiance to the United States, and that any member who declined should be reported by the Board of officers to the Chamber for expulsion. The oath was then administered to a large number of the members. One of the members, named Richard Mathers, protested against this action, denying the authority to either demand or require it of him. At a meeting, July 20th, 1863, a resolution of expulsion was passed and he has ever since been denied the privileges of a member.—Mathers then made an application in the Hamilton county court, for an alternative writ of mandamus to compel the Chamber of Commerce to restore the relator, Mathers, to the rights of membership. The case was heard on Wednesday last by Judge Headington, and the application for mandamus denied, upon the general ground, that at such a time of public peril, the Chamber had the right to choose loyal company; that no loyal man could have reason to complain of the rule, and no disloyal man had a right to.

Judge Abell, of Louisiana, has decided the Civil Rights Bill to be unconstitutional, on the ground that the two-thirds vote by which it was passed over the veto of the President was not the vote of two-thirds of the Senate, the members from the Southern States being absent. He also objects to it on the general ground that it is an exercise of power not conferred on the general Government by the Constitution. He adds that he also refuses to be bound by it as an act of "duty to his State." A considerable portion of the decision is in the nature of a stump speech. It is valuable, however, as showing the course things will run in the South until the act has been passed upon by the Supreme Court of the United States.

A Word to the Lovers of the Ardent.—Somebody sends a brick, as follows, after the lovers of the ardent, as a gentle reminder of what may be. They will please take heed or not, as shall seem best unto them. We have done our duty when we send the brick along for their benefit and longevity:

"It is not generally understood in medical circles that persons who are not addicted to strong drinks are the only ones that can reckon on escaping the cholera. Drunkards are the men attacked; they never recover.—In Tiflis, Georgia (Asia,) every drunkard is dead. During the last visitation of cholera in New York, out of two hundred and four cases, only six were temperate people. In Albany, out of five thousand temperate men, only two are known to have been attacked during the last visitation of the cholera."

Speaking of Mr. Seward's recent speech at Auburn, the Philadelphia *Gazette* says: "Under the circumstances this speech affords encouragement to hope that before the termination of the present session of Congress the whole matter may be harmoniously arranged, and the Administration once more placed in full accord with Congress and with the great Union party of the country. Much will depend upon the action of the Senate on the Constitutional amendment, but we feel confident that all is now drifting in the right direction."

Flour from France.—A recent issue of the Boston *Bulletin* says that five or six cargoes of French flour are now on the way to this country—sent out, not because it is particularly needed here, but as a speculative adventure. This French flour, it is said—being of a grade corresponding to medium and good western—will readily command $10 per barrel, or upward, in the American market, at which figure it will net a profit of 5s sterling, or about $1.25 per barrel to the importer, after paying the custom house duty of 20 per cent., gold premium, freight charges, &c.

The project of forming an independent State of East Tennessee has been summarily knocked in the head. The special committee of the Tennessee Legislature, to which the matter had been referred, reported against the project, and the report was adopted by a vote in the Senate of 13 to 8.

Gen. Longstreet, at a social picnic held recently at Galveston, Texas, said, in reply to a toast to Gen. R. E Lee, that "language failed to express his admiration for Gen. Lee, but he would be pleased if the General could be so situated that he could give the command: 'By nations—right wheel.'"

Quite a flutter has been created in Mobile in consequence of an order received recently from Washington for the arrest of a prominent official in the Treasury Agent's Department of that city. The books and papers under his care have been seized upon, and it is thought that several other *prominent* individuals will have to escape to avoid arrest. It is said that frauds on the government, amounting to one million dollars, have been committed at that place.

Ex-President Buchanan contributed $200 to the Southern Relief Fair at Baltimore. Did any one ever hear of Mr. Buchanan contributing any thing to the various fairs held in the North in aid of the Union soldiers?

U. S. COLLECTOR'S SALE.

Will be sold on the premises of S. K. Kane & Co., at Darlington, Beaver county, at public out-cry, on

Frtday, the 8th day of June, 1866,

Two Stills, one Steam Engine and Boiler, and all the Pumps and Pipes in the Coal Oil Refinery of said firm.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day.

DAVID SANKEY,
my30 Col. 24th District of Penn'a.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters of administration on the estate of Samuel Gilliland, late of Darlington twp., Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

Rev. SAMUEL PATTERSON,
JOHN McCLURE,
may30'66. Administrators.

Wanted, agents—$75 to $200 per month for gentlemen, and $35 to $75 for ladies, everywhere, to introduce the Celebrated Commen Sense Family Sewing Machine, improved and perfected. It will hem, fell, stitch, quilt, bind, braid and embroider beautifully. Price only $20, making the elastic lock stitch, and fully warranted for three years. We pay the above wages, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Address, with stamp, or call on C. BOWERS & CO., Salesrooms, No. 255 South FIFTH street, Philadelphia, Pa. All letters answered promptly, with circulars and terms. May30,'66—4t.

Lee City Hotel:

LOCATED IN LEE CITY,

Immediately opposite the Mouth of Island Run on the Island.

ALEX. CLARK,

(Formerly of the Union Hotel in Beaver.)

PROPRIETOR.

THE TABLE will at all times be found laden the best eatables that the Pittsburg market affords.

In connection with this house is a good LIVERY STABLE, and Stabling and Feed for horses.

The patronage of my old customers while at the Union Hotel in Beaver, and all others who can make it convenient, is solicited. Give us a call and judge for yourselves of my superior accommodations.

may30:6m ALEX. CLARK.

Agents Wanted for our New and Beautiful work,

THE PICTORIAL BOOK OF

ANECDOTES and INCIDENTS OF THE REBELLION:

Heroic, Patriotic, Political, Romantic, Humorous and Tragical.

Splendidly Illustrated with over 300 fine portraits and beautiful Engravings.

This work for genial humor, tender pathos, startling interest, and attractive beauty, stands peerless and alone among all its competitors. The Valiant and Brave Hearted, the Picturesque and Dramatic, the Witty and Marvellous, the Tender and Pathetic. The Roll of Fame and Story, Camp, Picket, Spy, Scout, Bivouac and Siege; Startling Surprises; Wonderful Escapes; Famous Words and Deeds of Women, and the whole Panorama of the War are here thrillingly and startlingly portrayed in a masterly manner, at once historical and romantic, rendering it the most ample, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth. Disabled officers and soldiers, teachers, energetic young men, and all in want of profitable employment, will find this the best chance to make money ever yet offered. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO,
No. 607 Minor Street.
may30:1m Philadelphia, Pa.

R. FENT. STEWART. R. A. WILSON.

WILSON & STEWART'S

ROCHESTER

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM.

We would respecfully inform the public that we have opened a

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

IN ROCHESTER, PA.

Having purchased a large and well selected Stock of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

direct from the manufacturer's, we are prepared to sell as cheap, if not cheaper, than any any establishment in Pittsburg or this county.

As we intend to remain permanently in the business, we will endeavor to always sell cheap, keep as great a variety and as good an article as the eastern market affords.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. *All Goods Warranted.*

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
may30:6m Rochester, Pa.

Piano for Sale.

The undersigned has received from the factory of Chickering & Son, a NEW PIANO, *perfect in every respect*, which he will sell at a low figure. Please call and examine.

E. AMBUHL,
Beaver, May23:2t. Musical Instructor.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

MAY 30th, 1866.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ Wm. Bingham, Jr., 54 Fifth st., Pittsburg, is the authorized agent for the Argus in that city.

The school house in Chippewa township, known as the "Flying School House," was struck by lightning on Sunday the 20th instant, and considerably damaged.

☞ The Canton *Republican* says that the Copperheads of that place last week made up a purse of $100 and forwarded it, by express, to Henry A. Wise, of Richmond, Va.

☞ A fire at St. Clairsville, Belmont county, Ohio, on the 22d, destroyed a square of the most valuable property in the town, involving a loss of $200,000.

☞ The Fair of the Columbiana County Agricultural Society will be held at New Lisbon, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, September 25th, 26th and 27th.

AWARDED.—The Legislature, at its last session, appointed a joint committee to contract for a painting of the Battle of Gettysburg.—That committee met on Friday, and awarded the contract to Peter C. Rothermel, of the city of Philadelphia. The painting is to be a grand affair, representing a battle four miles long.

☞ Sixteen thousand barrels of flour are lying in the warehouse of one mill at Minneapolis, Minnesota, awaiting the opening of navigation, to be shipped east. Nearly three millions of bushels of wheat are in store at points of debarkation on rail and river awaiting shipment, which does not include the large amounts still held by farmers.

DESTRUCTION OF HARRISBURG BRIDGE.—Saturday morning, about one o'clock, the Eastern end of the Harrisburg bridge, or that portion which connects the city with Forster Island, was destroyed by fire, involving a loss of between sixty thousand and ninety thousand dollars. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

☞ Jonah Wood, Edward Grandon and Daniel Wright, living in the upper end of Greene county, Pennsylvania, had each a child born not long since. Wood gave to his the name of Robert E. Lee Wood, Grandon that of C. L. Vallandigham Grandon, and Wright to his offering that of Jefferson Davis Wright.

☞ The Mercer Dispatch says: Robert Shaw, of Wolf creek tp., met with an accident last Tuesday evening which caused his death in less than two hours. He had been hauling with a team of young horses, and when returning from the field with the empty wagon, his team became frightened and ran away.—The loose boards on the wagon being thrown off, he was pitched forward on the double-trees and became entangled in the traces, and was thus dragged and his head badly crushed and bruised. He only lived two hours after being rescued, and was not conscious from the time of the injury.

☞ On the 23d inst., A. J. Pettit, Esq., was called on to hold an inquest on the body of an unknown man found floating in the Ohio river. The body had been in the water so long and was so much decomposed that it was difficult for the jury to determine whether the drowning was accidental or the result of violence. The man was of foreign birth, supposed to be a German; about five feet three inches in height, and about 20 years of age. His feet were wrapped in linen clothes, and had boots on. A small galvanized watch with brass chain, and a composition ring, were found on the body, the ring encircling the little finger of the right hand, with the letters "M. H." engraved on it. The body was properly interred, and the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

ACCIDENTS.—On Wednesday evening, a distressing and fatal accident occurred on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, near Rochester. The five o'clock eastern bound mail train had just left the station at Rochester, when the engineer, named John Fitzsimons, had occasion to look out at the side of his engine, which was rapidly increasing her speed, but glancing back at the train, to do which he stretched himself forward, his head was suddenly brought into contact with a telegraph pole, which leaned over the track, knocking him off the engine, killing him instantly. Fitzsimon's brother, who was acting as fireman, immediately stopped the train and backed up to recover the body, which was found lying alongside of the track quite dead. The back of Fitzsimon's head was badly shattered, and blood was oozing from his ears and mouth. The body was placed on board of the train and conveyed to Sewickley.

Miss Mary Gilmore, daughter of Captain Gilmore, of Bridgewater, had one of her arms broken last Saturday, by being thrown from a horse as it broke through and fell while crossing a bridge over Six Mile run.—*Local.*

INSTRUMENTS FOR CHURCHES—THE KIND TO BUY.—We have tried for some months Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organ in our congregation, and are satisfied that it is all that was represented. It possesses both sweetness and power, and we believe, from its substantial finish, that it will not be wanting in durability.

[Rev.] H. SINSABAUGH, East Liberty."

"The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ, purchased more than a year ago for my church, has given entire satisfaction. It is doubtless one of the best investments ever made by my congregation.

[Rev.] J. N. PIERCE, Wellsburg, Va."

"The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ has been in use since we received it, and gives entire satisfaction. We would not be without it for three times the cost.

P. M. KINTER, Indiana, Pa."

Persons intending to purchase an instrument for a church should not fail to examine the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs at the agency in this city—warerooms 81 Wood street; or, if residing out of town, to send for an illustrated circular, which contains much valuable information on the subject, and will be sent free to any one addressing C. C. Mellor & Co., 81 Wood street, Pittsburg.—*Pitt. Christian Advocate.*

See advertisement in another column.

(An act, passed at the last session of the Pennsylvania Legislature, requires that "all deeds and conveyances for estates in the Commonwealth, shall be recorded in the office for recording of deeds in the county where the lands lie, within six months after the execution of such deeds and conveyances; and every such deed and conveyance not recorded as aforesaid, shall be judged fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, unless such deeds be recorded before the recording of the deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim." This is a very important notice, and those holding unrecorded deeds, will see the importance of having them recorded without delay.

NO BOUNTY OR PAY TO HEIRS OF DESERTERS.—It has been ruled by the Second Auditor of the Treasury, whose decision has been sustained by the Second Comptroller, that no bounty or arrearages of pay will be allowed to the widow or heirs of any individual, who, at any time, deserted from the service of the United States, no matter how short the desertion, not withstanding he may have subsequently served out the term of his enlistment. In the prepared bills now before Congress, this policy is adopted, and all deserters are excluded from the benefits thereof.

Interesting to Farmers.

The new Woolen Factory of Mr. Jos. Pontefract is now ready to do all kinds of custom work, as will be seen by his advertisement in another column, to which attention is directed. Those of our readers in the country who have wool to work up, would do well to give him a call. Mr. P. is a wool manufacturer of long experience in the business, and is determined that the work turned out at his Factory shal be second to none in the country, and further that it shall be done on short notice and reasonable terms. Remember the place, nearly opposite Gilliland's Store, New Brighton, Pa.

Soldiers' Attention.

There will be a meeting of the Soldiers' of Beaver county, at the Court House, in Beaver, on Thursday evening, 31st, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Convention that meets in Pittsburg on the 5th day of June. A full attendance is desired.

☞ We call attention to the advertisement of Alex. Clark, in another column. "Alec." has opened an eating house on the Island at the mouth of Island Run, and we are informed keeps a first class eating house. Give him a call, and our word for it, you will come away satisfied.

☞ Col. Charles H Shriner will address the people of Beaver county at the Court House, on Tuesday evening, June 5th.

Editors Argus: In the history of the Beaver Seminary, as given in the last *Argus*, there is this mistake: "The practical idea was first suggested by Rev. Bishop Simpson, of the M. E. Church." It did not originate with Bishop Simpson. He neither knew or thought of it until it was suggested to him. This is the true origin of the Seminary: I was here on a visit, and while talking with Mrs. Judge Agnew about a Seminary we had commenced in Greensburg, Westmoreland county, it occurred to me that Beaver would be a good place for a Seminary, and suggested it to her. After talking to her, I went to see Mr Shiveley, to see what his house (where Mr. S. B. Anderson now lives) could be bought for. On my way home I called on Bishop Simpson, conversed with him on the subject, and arranged to come with him and look after the matter. It is a small matter, I know, but it is better to have the facts.

D. L. DEMPSEY.

Beaver, May 24, 1866.

STATE BANK NOTES.—Considerable uneasiness is expressed by business men and others, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, about the notes issued by State banks, particularly since the failure of several banks in the oil region. After looking over several laws on the subject, we believe that after the first day of July the banks will be required to pay a certain tax upon all State bank notes they may *pay out* in the course of business. There is no tax upon receiving the notes. The banks will, therefore, continue to take them on deposit or in payment of debts, as heretofore, but instead of putting them in circulation again will send them for redemption. Upon this process no tax will be levied, and as the existing banks in Pennsylvania are obliged to redeem their old issues nobody will lose anything. The effect of this regulation will be to withdraw the old bank notes gradually from circulation. Persons who hold these notes need be in no hurry to get rid of them, as there is no danger of loss by not sending them home at once. A sudden rush of such currency to the banks will only produce inconvenience, without being of the least advantage to the holders or anybody else.

ONE Captain Hudson announces that he intends to cross the Atlantic ocean in a metalic life boat, twenty-six feet long and six feet broad. The little vessel is to be ship rigged, and beside the captain is to take one man. Hudson, it is said, intends going to London first, after which he will visit the principal seaport cities of the Old World with his Lilliputian vessel, and will then place her in the Paris Exhibition, for which she has been expressly designed.

Equalizing Bounties.

The House on Friday passed the bill equalizing bounties of soldiers, sailors and marines, who were engaged in the late war. There were only two votes against it on the call of the yeas and nays, Messrs. Nicholson, of Delaware, and Rumble of Kentucky. There was little or no debate on the bill. It provides in brief, that to every soldier, sailor or marine who has been or may be honorably discharged from the service there shall be allowed eight and one-third dollars per month, or the rate of one hundred dollars per year for all the time which they served between April 15th, 1861, and April 19th 1865 and in case they have been discharged from the service on account of wounds received in battle or while engaged in the line of duty, the said allowance of bounty shall be computed and paid up to the end of the term of service for which the enlistment was made. In case of death of any while in the service, or in case of death after discharge, and before the end of the term of enlistment or discharge, on account of being wounded, the allowance of payment shall be made to his widow if she has not been remarried; or if there be no widow then to the minor children of the deceased who may be under sixteen years of age. In computing and ascertaining the bounty to be paid there shall be deducted therefrom all bounties already paid or payable under existing laws by the United States, or by any State, county, city, town, or other municipal organization, or by any voluntary association, so that in no case shall the aggregate amount of bounty allowed and paid from all sources exceed eight and one-third dollars for each month of actual service, or at the rate of one hundred dollars per year. No bounty is to be paid to any substitute or to any soldier discharged on the ground of being a minor or to a rebel deserter who enlisted in the United States army. No assignments or transfers of bounties are to be permitted. The passage of this bill by the Senate is regarded as extremely doubtful. The only objection to it is a financial one. A careful estimate shows that it would not take less than two hundred millions from the Treasury.

END OF THE WORLD.—Prophecies are again current respecting the end of the world. One reverend gentleman, of the Millerite persuasion, predicts universal dissolution in 1868. Another one names the 1st of August, 1866, as the closing up of time.

MARRIED:

On the 17th instant, by Rev. J. Murray, WILBER F. TODD and KATE CAMPBELL, both of Industry, Beaver county.

On the 24th instant, by Rev. E. M. Wood, Mr. ADDISON MARQUIS, of Darlington, to Miss MARY B. GRAHAM, of Freedom.

May 28, at the National Hotel, Beaver, by Rev. J. S. Bracken, Mr. JOHN WHITE, of Bayard's Station, Columbiana county, Ohio, to Miss JENNIE MITCHELL, of Minerva, Stark county, Ohio.

BEAVER MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY WM. ORR.

Flour per bbl		$10 75
Dried Apples per bus		2 50
do Peaches	"	3 00
Wheat	"	2 00
Corn	"	75
Oats	"	45
Flax Seed,	"	2 25
Beans,	"	1 75
Potatoes,	"	1 25
Onions,	"	1 50
Corn Meal,	"	80
Eggs,	per doz	20
Butter,	per lb	25
Hams,	"	25
Shoulders,	"	16
Sides,	"	18
Tallow,	"	15
Lard,	"	18
Candles,	"	20
Molasses,	per gall	90
Carbon oil,	"	70

PITTSBURG MARKETS.

MONDAY, May 21, 1866.

GRAIN—Corn—Sales of 500 bush on track, 85c; 303 bush do, same figures. Oats—Sales 2 cars Western at elevator at 55c. Rye—Sales of four cars on track at $1 per bushel.—Sales of 3 100 bushels clubs from elevator, $2 10@2 11.

POTATOES—Sales of 100 bushel peach blows at $1 40.

BACON—Shoulders, 10,000 lbs in lots, 14½@14½c; sides ribbed, 8,000 lbs, 17@17½c; hams, plain sugar cured, 5 000 lbs, 21½@22c; canvassed do, 23@23½c.

LARD—Sales of 15 bbls at 21½@22c. Country sells at 20½@21.

EGGS—Sales of 12 bbls at 21@22c

BUTTER—Sales of 20 packages in lots at 24@25c per quality.

CHEESE—Goshen is quoted at 21@22c; Western Reserve at 16@18c.

LARD OIL—Sales of 35 bbls No. 1 at $1 82@1 85 per gallon.

SORGHUM MOLASSES—Sales in a small way at 55@60c.

HAY—Sales at the were reported at $22 00@26 00 per ton.

FLOUR—Extra family, winter wheat, 260 bbls at $12 25@12 50, 100 bbls do at latter figures. Spring wheat, sales 200 bbls in lots at prices varying from $10 75@11 25, being the extremes.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that there will be a meeting of the "Beaver County Oil Co." at the U. S. Revenue office, on the 16th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of organizing under the General Law.

D. L. IMBRIE, Pres't.

S. DAVENPORT, Sec'y. my23:

COAL!

I WILL deliver to the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and vicinity, a good quality of Coal, at the shortest notice. Wagons can, at any time, be supplied at the Bank, on M'Kinley's run, adjoining the bank of Wm. Porter, Esq. Orders left with John A. Frazie, Beaver, Stiles & Shallenberger, Bridgwater, M. Camp, jr., Rochester, will receive prompt attention. J. C. MOLTER,

nov8 Bridgewater.

If you want to buy Pure Drugs, Medicine and Chemicals, go to Moore's Drug Store.

List of Jurors for June T., 1866.

COMMENCING 1st MONDAY.

GRAND JURORS.

Industry: Charles H. Hays (Foreman,) George Stodart.
Hanover: Thomas Adams, H. B. Keefer.
Phillipsburg: Samuel Bickerstaff.
Bridgewater: William Barnes.
Economy: John Cochran.
Big Beaver: James K. Calhoun.
Fallston: R. P. Covert;
New Brighton: C. K Chamberlin;
South Beaver: Robt Eakin, Andrew Johnston, Samuel Lawrence, Samuel Mitchell;
Moon: Daniel Figley, Washington Reed;
Ohio: James Littell;
Rochester Tp: Daniel Mitchell;
Hopewell: William McDonald;
Pulaski: James Oldham,
Freedom Boro: B. F Parkinson;
North Sewickly: John Swick;
Rochester Borough: Lewis Snyder;
Greene: Washington Reed;

PETIT JURORS—FIRST MONDAY.

Green: John Andrews, Thomas Brunton, Jas. Campbell, John Swaney, Isaac Eakin, James Latham;
Moon: Allen Brooks, John Stewart, Cornelius Weygandt;
Hanover: Joseph Buchanan, Wm. Cain, Henry Lance, Wm Miller;
New Sewickly: Geo. Bunzo, Jacob Emerick, Joseph Majors.
Economy: Henry A. Bryan, Ditmer Ehrman, Wm Larkins, Alex. Forsythe;
Bridgewater: Thomas Campbell, sr., John S. Dickey, Chas. Stone;
Raccoon: Anthony Christler, Regin Barnes, James Orr;
Darlington: Jno. M. Crawford, Jas. Young;
South Beaver: Samuel G. Caughey;
Fallston: George Douglas, Hugh Henderson;
Ohio: Noble Graham;
New Brighton: R E. Hoops, E. D. Merrick, Joseph T. Pugh;
Rochester Boro; J. R. McClelland, John Stiles, Joseph Vandevor, John McGoun, L. H. Oatman;
Independence: Wm. Kennedy;
Freedom Borough: David Lowry;
Brighton Township: Jno. M'Mahon, jr., Milo Somers.
Big Beaver: Jas. Patterson, Robert Crawford, Hugh J. Marshall;
Rochester Tp: Robert Ramsey;
Phillipsburg: John M. Shrodes;
Beaver Boro: Moses Scott, John H. Purvis;
Marion: Austin Thomas;
Industry: Samuel Todd;
Harmony: Daniel Carothers;
Glasgow: Samuel Cunningham;
North Sewickly: Nathan Hazen;
Hookstown: John S. Littell;
Franklin: Henry J Metz;
Pulaski: Elwood Thomas;
Borough Tp: John Weaver.

SECOND MONDAY.

Rochester boro: J. J. Anderson, Monroe Miller;
Economy: Jonathan Biddle, L. J. Berry, Benj. K. Beighley;
Hookstown: Thos Blackamore, S. H Witherspoon;
Phillipsburgh: Henry Bimber, A. B. Jolly;
Hopewell: William Calvert;
Raccoon: Jno Christy, Tho Gormly.
Darlington: Hugh Dilworth, I. A. W;
Edgar, John Davis;
Marion: Tho's French;
Independence: Leander Holmes, Wm M'Cague, jr;
Greene: John Kerr, Tho Withelow;
Industry: Rich'd Knight;
Brighton: William Lester;
Rochester tp: A P. Lacock;
Bridgewater: John Lutton;
Harmony: David Lenz;
S. Beaver: Jas M'Elroy. John Reed;
Franklin: Sampson McQuiston;
Freedom: Robert M'Caskey;
North Sewickly: Hugh Marshall, jr., William Porter;
Frankfort boro: Thos. Nicholson, Hugh M'Cutcheon;
Moon: Joseph Nevin;
New Sewickly: Robert Porter;
New Brighton: C. W. Taylor.

License Notice.

LIST of applicants for License at June Sessions, 1866:

HOTELS, &c.

James P. Parrish.....Brighton tp;
John Alleband.....Darlington boro;
Adam Johnston.....Rochester boro;
Richard Doncaster.....do do
David Magaw.....New Brighton boro;
John Davis.....Darlington boro;
R. L. Baker (Trustee)...Harmony tp;
Michael Camp, jr.....Rochester boro;
Samuel Wallace.....New Sewickly tp;
John H. Camp.....Rochester bore;
Andrew Swaney.....Greene tp;
Nicholas Bufer.....Phillipsburg boro:
David Johnston.....Big Beaver tp;

To sell liquor in quantities not less than one quart, with goods, wares and merchandize:

Wm. Breitenstein.....Economy tp;
C. F. Kearcher.....Phillipsburg boro;
Peter Angel.....Bridgewater boro;
R. L. Baker (Trustee)...Harmony tp,
G. C. Speyerer.....Rochester boro.
Jno. S. Dickey.....Bridgewater.

EATING HOUSES.

Francis Blount.....New Brighton bore;
W. & J. Breitenstein.....Economy tp;
Henry Wagner.....New Brighton bor;
John Aber.....Industry tp;
Elizabeth Ripper.....Freedom District.

may16'66 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements* and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

may16,'66. [1aw1y.

$90 A MONTH!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me.

may16,'66. [1aw1y.

DOCTOR

JNO. C. LEVIS

Will Practice Surgery & Medicine.

OFFICE adjoining the new Drug Store of Levis & Proudley, Dunlap's corner, Bridgewater, Pa. [may23.

4th

GRAND OPENING OF

SPRING MILLINERY AND

Straw Goods,

AT

GEALY'S

NEW MILLINERY,

TRIMMING

AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

BRIDGEWATER.

BONNETS,

Silk, Mourning and Straw, all the latest styles.

Ladies', Misses and Children's Hats,

Large stock, *Latest Styles*, all cheap.

Trimmings.

All kinds, *very cheap.* Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, Ornaments, Silver Fancy and Mixed Cords and Tassels, Hair Rolls, Hair Nets, Fancy Combs, Fancy and Mourning Collars, Embroideries, all kinds, Shirt Fronts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Dress Buttons, Braids, Cords and Ruffles, old Ladies' Caps, &c.

SHAWLS.

Very cheap.

LADIES' FINE BASKETS,

Hosiery & Gloves,

BLACK & WHITE BALMORAL SKIRTS, MEN & BOYS' HATS, HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' CLOTHS.

Men's white and colored Shirts.

SHOES.

Lasting and Kid Gaiters, cheaper than ever.

☞ These goods will be sold *very cheap.*

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

Millinery.

Straw Bonnets and Hats altered and cleaned, VERY CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.

Men's shirts made to order. Machine stitching.

☞ Remember the place — opposite the store of A. C. Hurst, corner Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

HO! EVERYBODY!

BEAVER BOOT AND SHOE

EMPORIUM!

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTION

TO PURCHASERS!

HAVING just received a large stock of LADIES', GENT'S BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SHOES BOOTS, GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c.,

For Spring and Summer Wear,

FROM PHILADELPHIA

I am prepared to accommodate my old customers and the public generally. I have the best selected stock ever offered in Beaver, purchased at reduced prices, and will be sold at rates so low that purchasers will be reminded of old times. If any of the stock sold should rip, I will repair it free of charge. Thankful for past favors, I still claim a liberal share of public patronage. ROBT TALLON,

apr18 (At Old Stand,) BEAVER, PA.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

Manufacturers of

REVOLVERS, RIFLES, MUSKETS & CARBINES,

For the U. States Service. Also,

Pocket and Belt Revolvers,

REPEATING PISTOLS,

RIFLE CANES, REVOLVING RIFLES, Rifle and Shot Guns, and Gun Materials, sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and Robbery, every House, Store, Bank, and office, should have one of

REMINGTON'S REVOLVERS.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in Pistols, and superior workmanship and form, will find all combined in the New

REMINGTON REVOLVERS.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our Arms will be furnished upon application.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, *Ilion, N. Y.*

MOORE & NICHOLS, Agents,

No. 40 Courtland st, N. Y.

RICH'D. H. AGNEW,

CONVEYANCER, &c.

DEEDS and other instruments written.—Office with Clerk of Courts, west wing of Court House. [may16-3m

$25. THE $25.

Union Business College!

Handel and Haydn Hall,

Eighth and Spring Garden streets,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A.M.,

President and Consulting Accountant.

Extraordinary Inducements!!

Novel and Permanent Arrangement of Business College Terms.

From April 1 to October 1, 1866,

AND SUCCEEDING YEARS.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS, including Bookkeeping, Business Correspondence, Forms and Customs, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Penmanship, Detecting Counterfeit Money, and Commercial Law,

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

SCHOLARSHIPS, including the same Subjects, as above: *Time limited to three months,*

TWENTY DOLLARS.

Penmanship, Three months	$7
Penmanship and Arithmetic, three mos	10

The saving of coal and gas in the summer months is an advantage of such importance as enables the management of this college to make a considerable reduction in the summer rates

From October 1, 1866, to April 1, 1867,

And succeeding years, as before,

Life Scholarships	$35
Scholarships 3 months	25
Penmanship, 4 months	10
Penmanship and Arithmetic, 3 months	12

Special terms for Clubs, Soldiers, and for the sons of Ministers and Teachers.

Day and evening instruction for both sexes, all ages, In banking, storekeeping, bookkeeping, penmanship, pen drawing, phonography, arithmetic, mensuration, algebra, geometry, the calculus, surveying, engineering, gauging, mining, mechanical drawing, commercial law, German, telegraphing, and the English branches, at moderate peices.

Endorsed by the public as the most successful Business College of the country, as is evidenced by the fact, that

Four Hundred and Two Students

have entered in the

FIRST SIX MONTHS OF ITS EXISTENCE.

Principals of Departments.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.
GEORGE B. SNYDER, R. S. BARNES,
C. N. FARR, J. T. REYNOLDS,
HENRY KEIM, A.E. ROGERSON A. M., C.E.

Supported by an able Corps of Assistants.

☞ Call or send for a catalogue, College Currency, and Pierce's Practical Educator.

OFFICE--531 North Eighth Street.

ap18:2m THOS. M. PEIRCE.

Notice In the Orphans' Court.

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, and approved nisi, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of James Lyon, dec'd. Ann G. Lyon, adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of James Jameson, dec'd.—Elizabeth Jameson, adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Jacob Londas, dec'd. Alexander Temple, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $299 95, retained by widow of James Murray, dec'd. Nathan Eakin, adm'r.

Personal property with claim of $278 25 on Henry Briggs, amounting in all to $300, retained by widow of Jacob Warner, dec'd. J. C. Wilson, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $160 95, retained by widow of John Walton, dec'd.—Andrew Watterson, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $282 50, retained by widow of Jacob Umstead, dec'd.—Ann Umstead, adm'rx.

Notice is hereby given to creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested, to appear at the next term of said Court and not later than the third day, being the 6th day of June, to shew cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the above appraisements.

may16 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

HEALY'S PATENT SELF-ACTING Wagon Brake.

THE subscriber will canvass Beaver county, in the order of Townships, to sell the right to use, make and vend,

Healy's Pt. Self-acting Wagon-Brake,

an invention perfect in every respect, for the use of all kinds of Wagons, Carriages and Buggies. It is a perfect regulation to every vehicle to which it is attached, acting alike prompt and certain under all circumstances, on all kinds of roads, by night as well as by day, with the greatest safety, ease and comfort to horse and passenger, without any attention whatever from the driver. I will sell individual rights to use this patent brake, or Township and Borough to Mechanics.

Beaver, Nov22'65 C. LUDWICK.

THE GREAT SECRET!

TO ANGLERS AND OTHERS—Upon the receipt of 30 cents I will send the "Secret art of catching fish with the hook and line," giving full and ample directions how to succeed well in catching all the different species of fish that inhabit the waters of the United States. Also, "The celebrated Indian fish charm, or Chinese art of catching fish."—This means of taking fish and the manner of doing it, has heretofore been known to but few. The value of such knowledge admits of no question, and is really worth more than a thousand times the price asked. Send 30 cts enclosed in a letter and you will receive the secrets by return mail. Address

E. ERNEST,

may23:1t York Springs, Adams co., Pa

BEAVER ACADEMY,

An English, Classical and Commercial School, for Young Men and Boys,

At BEAVER, PENN'A.

THE Spring session of this Institution will open on

Wednesday, April 4th, 1866,

and close on Wednesday, 27th June, 1866.

☞ For circular and other particulars, address the Principal, M. GANTZ, New Brighton, Pa., or H. HICE, Sec'y. Board of Trustees, Beaver, Pa. mar21,'67:2m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of SAMUEL MOORE, late of Hanover township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

W. H. FRAZER, Executor,

may Hanover tp.

THE CABINET ORGAN, AND

What It Is.

The grand old organ that has for centuries filled Church, Palace, and Cathedral with its colossal harmonies, is becoming daily more valued and appreciated by refined assemblies, and its almost universal introduction into the churches of our country has been prevented only by its great cost. This obstacle is now removed by the process of invention, improvement and perfection, as applied to the Melodeon and Harmonium, and we have the result in an instrument, which, considering its bulk and cost, is

A Musical Wonder.

The CABINET ORGAN, perfected and patented by Mason & Hamlin, of Boston, has now been before the public but two years, and yet such are its unequaled qualities that it has found into church, school and family in all parts of our country. The Art Critic of the New York *Tribune* says of it in his department: It has been blown by the wind of genuine success from Boston to San Francisco. . . . That M. & H. have succeeded in making a better small instrument than any other—from little baudbox like things to those which, though portable and not larger than a piano, can make themselves felt in a church—is the universal opinion of the musical profession. They agree that no such mechanical works of the kind can be found in equal perfection in Europe. The tone is pure and full, and with an immense body for so small a provocative mechanical force. They stand rough travelling, bad usage, and will live in climates which kill American missionaries."

The Rev. Dr. PRIME, the well-known editor of the New York *Observer*, in his editorial correspondence, speaking of the insufficiency of the Melodeon to take the place of the Pipe Organ, says: "But the want is fully met by the Cabinet Organ. With your eyes shut you cannot distinguish its sound from that of the Pipe Organ itself. It is admirably adapted to the performance of sacred music, psalms, tunes, anthems, chants, &c., and it is a grand accompaniment when the congregation sings, and is just the instrument that ought to be used in all churches where the people all wish to have the privilege of hearing a part in the praise."

200 Organists and Pianists,

the most eminent of their profession in the country, have given written testimony to the superiority of these instruments over all others of their class. The Cabinet Organ is, in brief, commending itself to musicians and to the people everywhere. Its great power, its purity and sweetness of tone, and its scope of expression, added to its durability and complete construction, cannot fail to make it a universal favorite. Such is the degree of perfection to which these instruments have been brought, that it is alike suited to the purposes of churches, halls, schools, and private parlors, and is admirably adapted to both sacred and secular music, and it is believed that it will bear no unimportant part in education and establishing a popular musical taste wherever it goes.

The Subscribers are the exclusive wholesale Agents for the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ for Western Pennsylvania, and furnish them at exactly the same price as charged at the Factory.

The subscribers are anxious to send to every person, whether intending to purchase an instrument or not, a copy of the Cabinet Organ Circular, which contains a great amount of very interesting information. Sent postpaid to any address.

CHAS. C. MELLOR & CO.,

81 Wood Street,

Between 4th St. and Diamond Alley,

may16,'66—1m. Pittsburg, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned will sell at public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, June 9th, 1866,

at one o'clock P. M., the following described property, situate in Chippewa township, Beaver county aforesaid, being the real estate of Horace N. Kennedy, late of Beaver county, deceased: Beginning at a white oak, thence by lands of John and James Mitchell, north ¾ degrees, east 197 perches five-tenths to a heap of stones, thence by land of Ethan Thomas, north 89½ degrees, west 43 perches to a post; thence by land of the Farmer's & Mechanic's Bank, south ¾ degrees, west 198 perches to a post; thence by land of James Kennedy, north 88 degrees, east 43 perches to a white oak, place of beginning; containing 53 acres and 98 perches, strict measure; on which is erected an excellent new frame barn, 52 by 80 feet, with threshing floor 30 by 20 feet, mows, &c., and three stables underneath; also a log and frame house with a frame kitchen, and a cellar under part of the house; also a certain other piece of land adjoining the foregoing described tract of land, situate as aforesaid: Beginning at a white oak, thence by land of Richard Walton, south 292 perches to a stake; thence by land of James Kennedy, south 87½ degrees, west 24½ perches to a white oak; thence by land of John Alexander, north ¼ degree, east 202 perches to a stone, and thence by land of James Scott, north 87½ degrees, east 22½ perches to place of beginning, containing 29 acres 123 perches, strict measure; on which there is erected a frame barn 48 by 18 feet.

The above described lands are well fenced except about two acres. Sixty acres are in a fine state of cultivation, and the balance is wood land. There is an excellent young orchard bearing fruit on the premises, consisting of about 160 apple trees, 100 peach trees and some cherry trees.

There are also three good springs of never-failing water, and a coal bank opened and in working condition.

Back Run passes through a portion of said lands, the north branch of Brady's Run, and there are about twenty acres along said run which is considered excellent oil territory. There are two oil wells now being put down within half a mile of said premises, and preparations are being made to put down four more in the immediate vicinity.

TERMS.—One-half of the purchase money in hand on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal annual instalments, from that date, with interest from the same time, to be secured by bond and mortgage. SAMUEL MAGAW,

Adm'r of the estate of H. N. Kennedy, dec'd.

may16,'66.

$10 REWARD.

THE above reward will be paid for any information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person who shall bark any trees or shall commit depredations in either of the Water Lots, or shall injure any Shade, Ornamental or Forest Trees, growing within the borough. By order of Council.

my23:3t WM. S. BARCLAY, Cl'k.

ATTENTION!

I HAVE constantly on hand a supply of the Putnam (Iron Frame) Clothes Wringer, and would call attention to the Manufacturer's advertisement for the Universal Clothes Wringer, W. G. Wolf, Agent. Mr. W. having removed from the State and transferred his machines to me, I will keep a constant supply. Also, constantly on hand, Crude oil by the barrel and crude oil burners.

oc25 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't, Beaver.

Farm for Sale.

THE east end of the Farm known as the Andrew Glass property, situate in Chippewa township, Beaver county; containing *One Hundred and Forty Acres*, about one hundred acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation, is offered for sale. A good orchard on the premises. It lays on the head waters of Beahler's Run, within two miles of the celebrated Island Run oil regions, and is said to be good oil territory. For particulars, inquire of John Johnston near the premises, or of Joseph Lawrence, South Beaver tp.

Use the Best Pill!

DR. CLOCK'S

EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORATIVE

THE best ever offered to the public and the *only one possessing all the merits claimed for it.*—*Invigorates grey hair to its original color, makes hair grow on bald heads* when falling off from disease; removes Scruff, Dandruff, etc.; arrests its *falling off or turning gray*; cures sick headache and *all diseases of the scalp*; causes harsh, wiry hair to become soft, pliable and luxuriantly glossy. It is *elegantly perfumed*, and all that can be desired for a dressing. It contains *no sugar of lead or other mineral no injurious to the head and hair*, and of which most preparations now in use are composed, but is a *purely vegetable compound*. WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD to produce an instance where the Restorer has failed when used according to directions. Among the thousands who have used it we have yet to learn of *one* who is not perfectly satisfied with its result. *Hair white as snow* is with *marvelous rapidity* restored to all its *pristine beauty* by its use. *It is not a dye*, but by supplying the secretions of the capillary glands acts as a restorer. Mothers, whose children's hair is *harsh, wiry*, or *thin and scant*, will find by using the Restorer it will *immediately* improve and may be dressed in any desired form, thus laying the foundation for a *good head of hair*, so desirable in after life. The proprietor is aware of the many who have been disappointed by the high sounding pretense of the numerous preparations with which the market has been filled for a few years past, but such *entire confidence* does he place in the *merits* of his Restorer that he offers, in all cases, *to refund the money* if, after a *thorough trial of two bottles*, it fails to give perfect satisfaction. A *single* trial will convince the *most skeptical of its merits*. Put up in large bottles and sold by all druggists at $1 pr bottle.

DR. F. B. CLOCK, Proprietor,
Manchester, N. H.

J. MOORE, Druggist, Beaver Agent for Rochester, Bridgewater and Beaver. McClarren & McKennan, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg, Pa. [jan31'66—6m.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

Dr. Duponco's

Golden Periodical Pills,

FOR FEMALES,

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from Whatever Cause, and

ALWAYS SUCCESSFUL AS A PREVENTIVE.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success in every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of Ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any Irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family, where health will not permit it. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibilities after the above admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health otherwise the Pills are recommended.

Price $1,00 per Box. Six Boxes $5,00.

Sold by S. Smith, Bridgewater, Noble & Hamilton, Beaver, S. Hannen, Rochester.

Ladies! By sending $1,00 to either of the above agents, can have the pills sent (confidentially) by mail, to any part of the country, or address the Proprietor,

S. D. HOWE,
oct 25'65:1yr. New York.

CHAS B HURST

Banker and Broker,

AND DEALER IN

Real Estate, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities.,

INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT,

Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as

Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.

Being agent for the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct., the North America of Philadelphia, and the Manufacturers' & Merchants' of Pittsburg, I will issue policies in either of the companies named.

Farms, houses and lots for sale.

Shares in the oil lands of the celebrated Isl and Run region for sale, where every well has proved a success. Also shares in wells producing or under way, and leases.

I will also sell my residence in Rochester, beautifully situated, and within a few minutes walk of the Ohio river and Railway stations. Terms liberal.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to John A. Caughey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. M. Smith & Co., Pittsburg.

CHAS. B. HURST
Rochester, Nov. 29,'65

LAUGHING GAS!

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent! All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better, than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my9'66:1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of DANIEL DERBINGER, late of Ohio tp., Beaver county, Pa., deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Executor,
may9'66. Ohio tp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JOHN EWING, late of Raccoon twp., Beaver co. dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID EWING, }
ALEX. EWING, } Executors,
apr2'66. Raccoon tp.

BARBER,

HAIR-DRESSER, & C.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States, and opened a shop in the frame building adjoining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his old friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg. U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a fair share of the public patronage.

C. K. CHAMBERLIN. E. WINANS.

CHAMBERLIN & WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS,

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

ALSO, PAINTS,

OILS,

VARNISHES,

AND PUTTY.

AGENTS FOR
EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.
Dec6,'65.

NEW ARRIVAL

Of Goods,

AT

B. MULHEIM'S

BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is now receiving NEW GOODS consisting of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW BLINDS, VARIETY GOODS, WILLOW WARE, BOOKS, PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.

Having thoroughly refitted my Store Room, and in daily receipt of Goods from New York city, I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought in Pittsburg, or any neighboring village An examination of my large and varied stock will convince all that what I publish is strictly true.

☞ Remember the place. apr3'66

Woolen Factory

IN NEW BRIGHTON, P.

THE subscriber having thoroughly refitted and prepared the property known as the Tub Factory, directly opposite the Post Office, in New Brighton, Pa., is now prepared to do all the work generally done in a first-class Factory, such *MANUFACTURING BLANKETS, FLANNELS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES SATINETS, &c, SPINNING YARN, CARDING ROLLS, FULLING & CLOTH FINISHING.*

Employing none but the best workmen, and using first-class machinery, the Public may rest assured that their work will be well done and promptly delivered.

Give us a call and examine our goods and prices before going elsewhere. All work warranted. JOS. PONTEFRACT.

New Brighton, Apr. 3, '66:3m.

Hice & Rutan,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL attend to legal business of all kinds. Prompt attention given to collections generally. Licensed Agents for collection of Pensions, Bounty, arrears of Pay, Prize money, Pay, etc., of Prisoners of War, and all kinds of military claims against the Government. Office—

Corner of Market Street and the Diamond,
(immediately in the rear of Court House,)
BEAVER, PENN A. [jan64

Penn Planing Mill, SASH & DOOR FACTORY.

JAS. A. SHOLES.....ALFRED SLACK.

SLACK & SHOLES,

Cor. Penn & Marbury Streets,
PITTSBURG, PA.

Flooring, Weatherboarding, Sash, *Doors, Frames, Brackets & Moulding* always on hand or made to order. [my17:1y

TRIAL LIST

FOR JUNE TERM, 1866

SECOND WEEK.

Wm Eakin's Ex'r	vs Henry Jordan & wife
R Ashhurst & Co.	vs G C Bradshaw;
James Collins, et al	vs W M Shirts, et al;
Patterson & Davidson	vs Martha Souders;
Charles Thorn	vs Margaret Higby,
L Rawden's heirs	vs John T Holmes;
John Tintsman	vs Amos Bond;
Michael Main	vs Abraham Hunter,
N C & B V RR Co.	vs Wm Jones;
same	vs John Beatty's Ex'r,
David Beatty	vs Alex. Robinson.

my9'66. M. WEYAND, Pro.

STATE & COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1866, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Phillipsburg,	May 14,	Bimber's hotel;
Freedom,	15,	M'Caskey's;
Harmony,	16,	Store;
Rochester bor.,	17,	Postmaster house;
Rochester tp.,	18,	do do
Beaver,	19,	Office;
Bridgewater,	21,	Proudley's hotel;
Fallston,	22,	Toll house;
New Brighton,	23 & 24,	Huron house;
Patterson,	25,	Store;
Beaver,	26,	Office;
Georgetown,	28,	Hotel;
Glasgow and Ohio tp,	29,	Jesse Smith's hotel;
Island Run,	30,	Darragh's store;
Industry,	31,	Aber's store;
Pulaski,	June 1,	R. Wallace's;
Economy,	15,	G. Neely's;
Franklin,	18,	Autenreith's store;
Marion,	19,	G. Hartzell's;
North Sewickly,	20,	N. Hazen's;
New Sewickly,	21,	G. Rauscher's;
Darlington boro,	25,	A. J. Cook's;
Darlington tp,	26,	J. P. Dilworth's;
B. Beaver, Galilee,	27,	Grabing's hotel;
B. Beaver, Homewood,	28,	Johnston's hotel;
Chippewa,	29,	Mrs Cunningham's;
Beaver,	30,	Office;
Brighton,	July 2,	R. Eakin's.
S. Beaver,	5,	Jos. Lawrence's;
do and Ohio,	6,	Kerr's store;
Ohio,	7,	M. R. Deringer's;
Hookstown,	9,	Swearingen's hotel.
do and Greene,	10,	do do
Hanover and Greene,	11,	H. Hutchinson's;
Frankfort,	12,	H. M. M'Cutcheon's;
Hanover,	13,	Adams' store;
Beaver,	14,	Office;
Raccoon,	16,	D. Ewing's;
Independence,	17,	John Holmes';
Hopewell & Indepen'ce	18,	Johnston's store;
Hopewell,	19,	R. Scott's;
Moon,	20,	Wm Elliot's.

☞ Payments can be made in the adjoining districts. All licenses must be paid before the 1st of July. M. R. ADAMS,
April9'66:2m. Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS:

FORMERLY

The Dime Savings Institution,

67 *FOURTH STREET,*

Nearly opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh.—Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to Nov. 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from Nov. 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.

BOOK OF BY-LAWS, &c., furnished at the office gratis.

This Institution especially offers to those whose earnings are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, and bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive.

Board of Managers:

President—GEO. A. BERRY.
Vice Pres't—S. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, jr.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. M. M'KINLEY.

A. Bradley,	Wm K. Nimick,
A. S. Bell,	F. Rahm,
John S. Dilworth,	Joshua Rhodes,
G. Follansbee,	John Scott,
H. H. Graham,	Robert C. Schmerts,
	Christopher Zug.

Solicitors—D. W. and A. S. Bell. [my18:1m

BRUSH FACTORY REMOVED.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM all who deal in or use BRUSHES that he has removed his BRUSH MANUFACTORY from No. 26 Fifth street to No. 120 Wood street, two doors above Fifth, where he will be able to offer the most complete stock of brushes ever offered in Pittsburg, and at prices that will defy competition, and of a quality unsurpassed in point of style and durability. Wholesale dealers will find it greatly to their advantage to call at our new establishment and examine our stock and prices before going East to purchase. We will very willingly duplicate any eastern bill of goods.

D. STEWART,
120 WOOD STREET,
my16'66.—1m. Two Doors above Fifth.

LIBEL IN DIVORCE.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver County. No. 149, March Term, 1866.—Alias Subpœna in Divorce.

MATILDA NORTON, by her next friend, A. T. M. BUCHANAN, vs. OLIVER T. NORTON.

To Oliver T. Norton, the above named respondent: You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term of said Court, to be held at Beaver, on the first Monday of June, 1866, then and there to answer the complaint of the libellant, and to show cause, if any you have, why her prayer for divorce, *a vinculo matrimonii*, should not be granted.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, may2'66.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, No. 139, September Term, 1861.

In the matter of the Trust Assignment of William R. Rhodes, in behalf of the late firm of Kirk & Rhodes, of the firm assets.

Notice is hereby given that the third and final Account of Thos. J. Power, Geo. F. Gilmore and Brown B. Chamberlin, Assignees of the Trust aforesaid, has been filed in this office and that the same will be confirmed on the first day of next Term, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

may9'66. M. WEYAND, Pro.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN WALTON, late of Brighton tp, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON, Ex'r.
apr18'66. Brighton tp.

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

DEALERS IN

CHOICE GROCERIES,

AND QUEENSWARE,

Bridgewater.

☞ Country produce wanted. [jan10:3m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES MURRAY late of Darlington township, Beaver co. dec'd, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

NATHAN EAKIN, Administrator.
apr4'66. Darlington tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JACOB WARNER, late of Industry tp., Beaver, Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

J. C. WILSON, Adm'r.,
mar14'66. Beaver boro

NEW GOODS!

WE have just received one of the Largest and most Complete stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Cassimeres, Tweeds, Muslins,

Prints, Ginghams, Checks, &c.,

Ever offered to the public in this city.

Also, a splendid assortment of

Ladies', Misses and Children's

SHAWLS,

All qualities, styles and prices, at greatly reduced rates.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.

The Largest Stock and best Assortment of Carpets, Floor Oill Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Matts, &c., ever offered, and at extremely low prices.

Persons in want of anything in our line, would do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell our stock at prices which will astonish all.

☞ *Remember the place:*

DUNLAP, LUKER & CO.,
136 Federal st, 4 doors below Market-house,
apr3:2m] ALLEGHENY CITY.

C. C. ALGEO,

DEALER IN

AMERICAN

AND SWISS WATCHES,

DIAMONDS

AND FINE JEWELY,

SILVER SPOONS AND FORKS,

FINE TABLE KNIVES

SILVER PLATED WARE,

FRENCH CLOCKS & BRONZES,

AMERICAN CLOCKS,

Fancy Goods, &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Watches.

No. 22, FIFTH STREET,
mar14'66—1y] *Pittsburg, Pa.*

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS!

I HAVE just received a new stock of Goods, of the

LATEST STYLES,

FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,

Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,

apr25'66 BRIDGEWATER.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, A. M., President.

THE next Term opens April 5, 1866.

Every opportunity for instruction in any branch of science or on any musical instrument; also vocal music, private or in classes, is afforded here at reasonable rates.

Lads received in the Primary Department; also small girls of any degree of proficiency.

Drawing and painting of every style will receive the special attention of a first-class artist.

Tuition: $6,00, $8,50, and $12,50; according to department.

None but thoroughly qualified and experienced Teachers are employed in any department. For further information address

mar28'65. R. T. TAYLOR,

PITTSBURG NATIONAL PLOW CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

ARE MANUFACTURING all the Varieties of

Steel and Cast Iron Plows,

and would call the attention of the Farmers of Beaver county, wishing to purchase Plows or Plow Points, to the Superior Finish and Quality of our Work.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED. ☜

The Points and Landslides fit the corresponding numbers of Pittsburg plows.

☞ Old plow castings bought. [apr18:1y

SAVE YOUR HEALTH

BY BUYING

Pure Medicines.

AT

JAMES K PARDEE'S,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store,)

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, and

FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD:

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY,

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS

FOR THE HAIR,

All kinds of Patent Medicines always on hand.

ALSO, CIGARS & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for CASH and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

☞ As my assistant, Mr. Louis BERRY, is a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon having their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

Rochester, March 14, 1866—1y

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM

Cheap and Durable.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL.

LOUIS F. WEINMAN,

MANUFACTURER of and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge street,

BRIDGEWATER.

He keeps an excellent supply of ready-made work constantly on hand.

Boots and shoes made to order on shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He has good workmen, and can't be excelled by any other establishment in West. Pa.

Men, women and children will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

For the best and cheapest article go to
LOUIS F. WEINMAN'S,
oct11'65 Bridge st., Bridgewater.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN B. HALL, late of Raccoon twp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBERT S. HALL, Industry tp.,
JAMES ORR, Raccoon tp.,
mar28'66. Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES JAMESON, late of Georgetown Borough, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ELIZABETH JAMESON, Adm'rx.
mar14'66. Georgetown boro

WM. B. CLARKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 85 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURG, PA.

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO Collections, and the purchase and sale of Real Estate. And will also attend to the business of his profession in Beaver Co. [my26

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY!

CAPITAL STOCK..... $80,000.

80,000 Shares of Par Value of.....$1,00 each.

WORKING CAPITAL..... $18,000.

AT a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office in the borough of Rochester, April 29th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year:

PRESIDENT.
MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY:
CHARLES B. HURST.

DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh,	Milo R. Adams,
Charles Stone,	Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh,	John Bigger,
Levi Brennaman,	Robt. A. Cochran,
Charles F. Kendall.	

☞ A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

☞ Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.
my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS, Medicines, CHEMICALS, PURE LIQUORS, WINES And Brandies, Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES.

PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills 75 cents per box; Cheeseman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of
Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty.
ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.
Dec18,'65. J. MOORE.

GO TO THE

ROCHESTER

Marble Works.

W. H. Marshall

EXECUTES ALL KINDS OF

Plain and Ornamental Work.

MONUMENTS, Head and Foot Stones, of the best Italian and American Marble, at the shortest notice, and the lowest prices.

I have on hands over One Hundred sets of Plain and Ornamentnl Head-stones, which I am offering at 10 per cent less than city prices.

All those wishing anything in my line, call early and examine my stock.

Also, the best quality of Grind Stones on hands.
Rochester, Mar. 21st, '66—3m.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST:

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTLY FITTED, ARTICULATED, SHAPED, SIZED AND COLORED, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American vulcanite. All the new styles of combination work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. No charge for extracting, when teeth are to be inserted.

Also, a fine assortment of Tooth Washes, Powders, Brushes, &c., kept constantly on hand.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [mar28'66—3m.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, No. 270, Mar. T, 1858.

In the matter of the voluntary Assignment of Thos. M'Kinley to R. P. Roberts.

Notice is hereby given that a Supplemental and Final Account has been filed in the office, by William Henry, Executor of the last will and testament of R. P. Roberts, dec'd., and that the same will be confirmed on the first day of June term, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

may2,'66:3w M. WEYAND, Pro.

Dr. D. Stanton,

Surgeon, Physician & Pension Agt,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE and Residence at lower end of Broadway. [may24,'66:1y.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for the county of Beaver, on Wednesday, the 6th day of June, A. D., 1866, for confirmation and allowance:

First and final account of Samuel C. Gormly and Dr. P. M. Kerr, administrators of the estate of John Gormly, dec'd.

First and final account of David Alexander, administrator of the estate of Nancy Criswell, dec'd.

The accounts (Real and Personal) of Tamsenah Powell and Samuel J. Cress, administrators of the estate of Silas Powell, dec'd.

The account (Real estate) of John M'Carrell, administrator of the estate of Rev. Jas. M'Carrell, dec'd.

The account (Real estate) of John Sleats, administrator of the estate of Robert Sloan, dec'd.

The final account of James De Fombelle, administrator of the estate of Lucien Fombelle, dec'd.

Final account of Samuel Neely, guardian of James Buckley, minor son of James Buckley, dec'd.

Final account of James Ramsey, guardian of Deborah Jane Stevenson, minor daughter of Jonathan Stevenson, dec'd.

Final account of Wm. Dunlap, guardian of John M. Dunlap, minor son of Robert Dunlap, dec'd.

Final account of Wm. Dunlap, guardian of James A. Lockhart, minor son of John Lockhart, dec'd.

Final account of Wm. H. Frazer, guardian of Margaret J. Forner, minor heir of Eliza Jane Leeper, dec'd.

The partial accounts of Edward Rush, guardian of Edward W. and Percival R. Mann, minor children of James M'Gill, dec'd.

The accounts (Real and Personal) of Hugh Bennett, administrator of the estate of Dr. Robert Cunningham, dec'd.

Final account of James Smith and Mary Ann Duffan, (formerly Mary Ann Tucker) executors of the estate of Samuel Tucker, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
Beaver, May 9, '66. Register.

Valuable Farms for Sale.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, on the 5TH DAY OF JUNE, 1866,

About 283 acres of land, lying on either side of the road leading from Morrow's Mill to Hookstown, being in the township of Independence, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. This land comprises *Two Adjoining Farms*, containing respectively, about 156 and 127 acres. The first has good Spring Water, about 75 acres of cleared land, with Dwelling House and Horse Barn, and also some fruit trees upon it. The balance of this tract is well timbered It is in pretty good repair.

The other farm (or 127 acres) has about 80 acres cleared, with two Dwelling Houses, a Barn and other out buildings; has an orchard of about 80 or more apple trees of large size and good bearers; also a number of pear and cherry trees. It has likewise excellent Spring Water.

The above land was the property of the late William Obney, deceased, who resided upon the same. It will be sold on the premises, by the agent of the heirs, to the highest and best bidder; one-third of the purchase money to remain charged on the premises during the life of the widow of the deceased, the interest on the said third to be paid to her annually, and at her death the principal to be paid to the heirs aforesaid or to their legal representatives. The other two thirds of the purchase money to be paid as follows: One-third of the amount cash in hand, and one-third in one, and one-third in two years. *All deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the premises, and* title to be made to purchaser on receipt of first payment. The land will be offered, although adjoining, in two separate tracts, as above described.

For further information and to examine the premises, call upon the Agent,

DR. A. R. THOMSON.
Seventy-Six P. O., Independence Tp, Beaver Co., Pa. [May 3, 1866.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Beaver, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Sheriff's office, in the boro of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

Saturday, June 2d, 1866,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to the following described house and lot of ground, situate in the borough of Frankfort Springs, Beaver co., Pa., bounded on the north by the Beaver and Frankfort road, on the east and south by land of John Carothers, and on the west by Main street, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, on which is erected a frame house, one and a half stories high; a number of fruit trees on the lot.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Lewis Saxton, at the suit of W. H. Frazier & Co.

No. 2. ALSO.

All the right, title, interest and claim of defendants, of, in and to that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in Ohio township, Beaver co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a hickory on the bank of the Ohio river, thence by land of Daniel Cloud, north 2 degrees, west 45 perches to a stone; thence south 88 degrees, west 29 perches to a stone; thence by land of Jesse Smith's heirs south one and one-fourth degrees east 45 perches to a stone on the bank of the Ohio river; thence north 88 degrees, east 29 perches to place of beginning; containing 8 acres, more or less, being the same tract of land conveyed by Conrad Schad and wife to Robert Newman, Henry Cappell and Henry Hill, by indenture, dated the 11th day of January, 1865, and recorded in Deed Book No. 47, page 547, &c. There are erected on the above described premises two frame buildings—one a ware-room, the other used for a pottery; also a steam engine and boiler, suitable for boring an oil well, with derrick and fixtures. There are oil wells on the premises, in one of which oil has been obtained.

Seized and taken in execution, as the property of Robert Newman, Henry Cappell and Henry Hill, at the suit of Conrad Schad.

☞ Terms Cash.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sheriff.
Beaver, May 16, 1866.

Laughing Gas!!!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN suffering the untold miseries of Toothache, and Dread of Extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Son are ready to Relieve you by the use of the Great Pain Destroyer, *Laughing Gas!* and make it a source of Pleasure, rather than Pain!

All Dental Operations performed in the best possible manner, and at as reasonable terms as any good Dentist in the county.

☞ Office in Rochester-Beaver Station.
my1'66 T. J. CHANDLER & SON

COAL!

I AM prepared to deliver Coal of the best quality on shortest notice. Orders left at I. N. Atkins' Clothing Store, Beaver, Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery, Bridgewater, S. J. Ross & Co.'s Dry Good Store, Rochester, will receive prompt attention.

redec20'65—3m. WM. PORTER.

Union Hotel

BEAVER, PA.

J. B. CLARK, *Proprietor.*

GOOD STABLING attached to this House. April 4, 1866—y